

# COMPETITIVE WAKESURFING COMPETITION GUIDELINES



**CWSA**  
COMPETITIVE WAKE SURF ASSOCIATION

**WRS**  
WORLD RANKING SYSTEM

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## **PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS**

### **1.1. THE CWSA MISSION**

- a. The mission of the CWSA is to help promote the sport of wake surfing, provide recommended consistent and fair standards governing wake surfing events and tournaments, and to provide effective communication regarding wake surfing events and significant issues of interest to stake holders in the wake surfing industry.

### **1.2. THE CWSA PURPOSE**

- a. To promote high standards of conduct within the sport.
- b. To foster fair and consistent regulations and standards within the sport.
- c. To engage in any lawful activities that will tend to develop and promote the sport of wake surfing worldwide for the best interests of the sport, any membership, and the general public.
- d. To conduct successful wake surf events that foster the growth of the sport of wake surf.
- e. Promote and maintain good relations within the wake surf industry to promote economic well-being through commerce.
- f. To encourage safety in all aspects of wake surfing.

## **PART 2. SAFETY**

### **2.1. SAFETY**

- a. The safety of all participants and spectators at each competition event shall be the top priority. It is recommended that each competition event be staffed by trained officials, judges, and event staff. Competitors, staff and spectators are reminded that there is an inherent danger in all water sports activities and strict adherence to instructions given by event officials, event staff, and event judges is required as a condition of attendance or participation in every event.

### **2.2. COMPETITORS**

- a. Every competitor shall be required to wear a Personal Flotation Device (PFD) or buoyant competition vest that will completely float the competitor in the event the competitor becomes incapacitated for any reason. It is the responsibility of the competitor to ensure their PFD is adequate for this purpose.
- b. Competitors are responsible for ensuring that their equipment is in a condition that will allow them to ride in safe manner.
- c. The Event Organizer or a majority of the Judge Team for the competitor's division may allow maneuvers which leave loose equipment on the course. It is the competitor's responsibility to receive permission from a majority of the Judge Team for that competitor's division for a maneuver which will result in loose equipment on the course. Failure of a competitor to receive advance permission for such a maneuver shall result in disqualification.
- d. Competitors shall be disqualified for intentional contact with the competition boat once underway, unless the contact is caused by the competition boat abruptly slowing on the competition course, or the wake abruptly changing on the competition course causing the competitor to be thrust into the boat.
- e. Swim platform starts and exits shall not be permitted and will result in competitor disqualification.
- f. Only one rider shall be allowed on the course at one time (e.g. no tandem riding) unless specifically provided for as a separate Division.
- g. During the competition run, including transport from or to the shore, competitors must follow instructions of the jet ski operator, and the judges and vessel pilot on the competition boat.
- h. A competitor violating any of the above rules is subject to disqualification by the Judge Team in the competition boat, or by the Event's Head Judge.

### 2.3. VESSELS, PILOTS AND VESSEL EQUIPMENT

- a. Vessel Pilots, Jet Ski Operators: every pilot, driver or operator of any vessel used by the competition event, including jet skis or PWC, shall be validly licensed to operate said vessel in the jurisdiction in which the competition event occurs and shall be at least 18 years of age.

- b. **Tow Ropes:** wake surf specific tow ropes with a minimum length of 25 feet in good condition shall be used during competition events. Bungee equipped ropes shall not be permitted. Ropes with a bungee section must have the bungee section removed and the remaining length of the rope must still meet the minimum length requirement of 25 feet. The rope will not be left in the water during a competitor's run. Competitors are encouraged to gently toss the rope into the boat. Competitors may also toss the rope to the other side of the wake so to allow a crew member to pull the rope into the boat.
- c. **PFDs:** all vessels used in any competition, including the competition boat, shall have a USCG approved PFD of suitable size and type in good and serviceable condition available for every member of the judging team and crew which shall be readily available for use in the event of an emergency. If the competition occurs in a jurisdiction other than the US, it shall be sufficient that the PFDs comply with the laws and regulations of the jurisdiction in which the competition event occurs. The competition boat shall also be equipped with any other flotation devices as may be required by the laws and regulations of the jurisdiction in which the competition event occurs.
- d. **Fire Extinguisher:** the competition boat shall be equipped with fire extinguisher of the type and in the number as may be required by the laws and regulations of the jurisdiction in which the competition event occurs.
- e. **First Aid:** the competition boat shall be equipped with such first aid supplies of the type as may be required by the laws and regulations of the jurisdiction in which the competition event occurs, or at a minimum a general first aid kit.
- f. **Visual Distress Signals:** the competition boat shall be equipped with visual distress signals of the type and in the number as may be required by the laws and regulations of the jurisdiction in which the competition event occurs.
- g. **Vessel Registration:** all vessels used in any competition event shall be properly registered, marked and licensed to operate on the body of water where the competition event occurs.
- h. **Sound Producing Devices:** all vessels used in any competition event shall be equipped with sound producing devices of the type and in the number as may be required by the laws and regulations of the jurisdiction in which the competition event occurs.
- i. **Navigation Lights:** all vessels used in any competition event shall be equipped with navigation and marking lights of the type and in the number as may be required by the laws and regulations of the jurisdiction in which the competition event occurs.

- j. Ventilation: all vessels used in any competition event shall be equipped with engine compartment and other compartment ventilation devices of the type and in the number as may be required by the laws and regulations of the jurisdiction in which the competition event occurs.
- k. Alcohol: Alcoholic beverages shall not be permitted upon any competition vessel.

## 2.4. WEATHER CONDITIONS

- a. Wind and Lightning, etc.: The Head Judge, in consultation with the Event Organizer, shall be responsible to suspend the competition when adverse weather conditions, such as lightning or wind, pose an unreasonable risk to health or life at or near the competition venue.
- b. Lightning: when thunder and/or lightning are first noticed, use the Flash-To-Bang method to determine its' rough distance and speed. This technique measures the time from seeing lightning to hearing associated thunder. For each five seconds from F-B, lightning is one mile away. Thus, a F-B of 10 = 2 miles; 15 = 3 miles; 20 = 4 miles; etc. At a F-B count of thirty, the event should be suspended. People should be directed to safe shelter nearby. Activities should remain suspended until thirty minutes after the last thunder is heard. The distance from Strike A to Strike B to Strike C can be some 5-8 miles away. The competition shall not be resumed until such conditions have abated.
- c. Heat: The Event Organizer shall be responsible to assure that sufficient drinking water and shade shall be available to the crew of the competition boat, and for all other vessels used in the competition event. It is recommended that in the case of extreme heat conditions that judging, vessel pilot, and other volunteer shifts during the competition event be limited in duration to avoid prolonged exposure to extreme heat and direct sunlight.
- d. Cold and Rain: it is recommended that in the case of extreme cold conditions that judging, vessel pilot, and other volunteer shifts during the competition event be limited in duration to avoid prolonged exposure to extreme cold and wet conditions.

## 2.5. EVENT ORGANIZER

- a. It is recommended that the Event Organizer designate a venue safety monitor(s). The venue safety monitor is responsible for identifying and managing hazards that may pose a risk to competitors, spectators, or event staff. The venue safety monitor may recommend a course of action to be taken due to hazards deemed to be unsafe. The venue safety monitor shall coordinate the following recommendations:
- b. It is recommended that the event organizer coordinate with local public emergency services agencies and arrange for such services and emergency plans as may be reasonable in light of the size and location of the event.
- c. It is recommended that appropriate first aid supplies be on site in the event of an injury incident.
- d. In the event of an injury to a competitor, spectator, or event staff, the Venue Safety Monitor should notify onsite medical and security personnel, or locate trained, able bodied volunteers. The Venue Safety Monitor or other designate should:
  - i. dial 911, or the appropriate emergency services number for the venue;
  - ii. follow the Protocol for Management of Concussion Injury, if a concussion injury is suspected;
  - iii. retrieve emergency contact info or notify parents;
  - iv. catalog names and events as they transpire, get witness names and contact information;
  - v. collect all information related to any injury that may occur, including obtaining the names and contact information of any witnesses;
  - vi. document by photograph relevant conditions, injuries, and other evidence that might be necessary or relevant to the accident and injury incident;
  - vii. provide all documentation and photographs to the Event Organizer and to the Event's Head Judge.
  - viii. If a serious injury to a competitor occurs, the athlete will not be allowed to continue participating in the competition until cleared by a medical professional. If it appears an athlete has been struck in the area of the head, neck, or face the Protocol for Management of Concussion Injury must be followed. The athlete will immediately be taken to shore and will not be permitted to continue participating in the competition until cleared by a medical professional.
- e. Ensure availability of an appropriate place of shelter in case of inclement weather or extreme heat.



- f. Ensure all vessels, contestants, and spectators are clear of course during inclement weather.
- g. Ensure all structures are securely anchored to withstand strong winds.
- h. Ensure all potential hazards are clear of the immediate and surrounding areas of the competition course prior to the beginning of the competition. Hazards include sunken buoys, tree limbs, logs, trash, and any other item that could hinder the rider or the competition vessel.
- i. Should there be no Venue Safety Monitors assigned, all members of staff are responsible for coordination of the aforementioned recommendations.

## 2.6. EXCEPTIONS TO THE COMPETITION GUIDELINES

- a. Where compliance with these guidelines for a specific Event is not feasible, the Event Organizer and the Head Judge may make such necessary changes that do not compromise the safety of the participants and spectators.
- b. The Event Organizer and the Head Judge may also make such necessary changes that do not compromise the integrity of the Event or the judging and ranking of the competitors in the Event.
- c. Any such changes that conflict with previously published information regarding the Event shall be announced at the Judge's and Competitor's meetings prior to the beginning of the Event.

## PART 3. **COMPETITORS**

- a. All competitors entering any event sanctioned by the CWSA must be registered members of the CWSA with dues currently paid.
- b. Anyone willing to compete in a sporting manner may enter a competition subject to qualifying standards established by the Event Organizer.
- c. Competitors shall enter a competitive division at appropriate skill levels. An Event Organizer or CWSA representative may act as a resource for guidance to the proper division level, if assistance is required.

- d. It is the responsibility of the Competitor to be at the starting dock or area, in advance of his/her competition run. If a Dock Starter is available, Competitors shall see the delegated Dock Starter for heat and estimated start times. If a Competitor misses his/her respective turn the Head Judge shall determine whether or not that Competitor will be allowed to compete out of turn later in that heat or Division. Once a heat/division is completed, any Competitor who has missed their competition run and has not been permitted to compete out of turn will be disqualified from that Division for the Event.
- e. Competitors should be aware that timetables are subject to changes. Changes in the schedule during the competition shall be made only for weather, water conditions, safety, or similar reasons as determined by the Event Organizer and/or Head Judge. The Dock Starter or their delegate shall announce these changes as appropriate.
- f. Competitors must ride in a safe manner and shall follow the Event Organizers' and Judges' directions and safety guidance.
- g. Are prohibited from receiving coaching from any electronic communications device while on the competition course.
- h. Any competitor wearing or using a device capable of receiving communication while on the competition course shall be presumed to be receiving coaching and shall be disqualified by the judging team.

## **PART 4. COMPETITION EQUIPMENT**

### **4.1. BOAT**

- a. Competitive events should strive to provide quality port and starboard wakes. When necessary, two separate tow boats should be used. One weighted to the starboard side, the other weighted to the port side. In order to assure fairness, the resultant wakes should be as comparable as possible with each other in terms of height and length.
- b. It is recommended that the Event Organizer provide one or more backup tow boats with identical hulls as the competition tow boats in the event of unforeseen circumstances that prevent a boat from being operational. In the case that the competition towboat cannot complete pulling an entire Division, it is recommended that the Division is re-run, using the replacement towboat.

- c. The Event Organizer will direct the Head Judge as to the requirements for setting up the competition boats. These requirements will include ballast setup and surf system setup for both the regular (port) and goofy (starboard) wakes. The Head Judge, in consultation with the Event Organizer, will determine if these requirements will allow surf side switching and/or surf side transfers during the competition.
- d. Prior to the start of competition, the Head Judge will be responsible for establishing the baseline speed and wake steepness for each boat to be used during the competition. The Head Judge will use a team of individuals to aid in setting the baseline. As a minimum, the team should be comprised of the Head Judge, Co-Head Judge, Driver and an individual who is well versed on the systems that will be used on the competition boat.
- e. Baseline settings should allow for rider adjustments equally above and below the baseline. A judge or a wakesurfer not competing may take a test wakesurfing run on each competition boat. Test runs verify adequate ballast set up and establish an adequate baseline speed.
- f. The best assessment of the baseline speed and wake should be provided to the competitors prior to the start of competition. Once this information has been provided, any speed change remains the responsibility of the rider. The boat driver will adjust boat speed as directed by any judge after the judge receives a speed change request from the rider. Boat speed is at the discretion of the rider but must be within the maximum and minimum tolerances allowed for the site and equipment.
- g. Boat drivers shall not adjust the boat speed or direction of travel to "save" a rider.
- h. Preventing sharing speed information is too difficult to manage in any practical sense. Teams and individuals may share speed information. No shared information should be relied upon as accurate. The boat driver will report the speed at the end of a run if requested.
- i. Any protest related to speed must be made by the competitor at the time it occurs, and shall be determined as provided in [11.3.a](#).

#### 4.2. COMPETITOR EQUIPMENT & ATTIRE

- a. The equipment of all competitors shall be subject to the review at the discretion of the Head Judge and the Judge Team for the Division in which the competitor is competing.
- b. Review of equipment shall not be construed as approval or endorsement of that equipment as to its safety and fitness for use. Competitors shall be responsible for their own equipment and safety.

- c. Competitor equipment shall be subject to compliance with the most current published CWSA World Ranking System.
- d. During any competition run in any event (live, modular, or online), athletes are required to wear a swimsuit bottom of decent appearance, and which completely covers the athlete's buttocks.
  - i. This rule shall not apply if the athlete is wearing a wetsuit completely covering the athlete's buttocks.
  - ii. If a non-compliant swimsuit bottom is noticed by a Judge team, Head Judge or other event official prior to an athlete's competition run, the athlete may be given an opportunity to cure non-compliant swimwear bottom before the competition run if compliance can be accomplished by the athlete without unreasonably delaying the event.
  - iii. The failure of an athlete to comply with this rule shall result in disqualification for the competition run by the Judge team, or the event Head Judge.

## **PART 5. COURSE AND COMPETITION RUNS**

The Head Judge, in consultation with the Event Organizer will determine exact tournament setup after considering the number of participants, the event format, the venue particulars such as size or configuration of lake or river, and spectator areas.

### **5.1. COURSE LAYOUT**

The following guidelines are provided:

- a. A two-leg, out-and-back, course is recommended but is not required. The first and second legs are symmetrical.
- b. The course should include a boat start area at each end, a course start and a course end, in each direction. The distance from boat start to course start should be a minimum of 150 feet, or such distance as is necessary for the surf wake to form before the start buoy.
- c. The course length in time may be set at any length in time at the established baseline speed at the discretion of the Head Judge in consultation with the Event Organizer. The recommended minimum course length in time is 45 seconds at the established base line speed for all Divisions. For example, if the established base line speed is 11 mph (17.7 kph) and the course length in time is 45 seconds, then the course length will be approximately 726 feet (221 meters).
- d. Use of a single start buoy and single end buoy to outline the course is preferred. Buoy must be large enough to be seen by the rider from a distance greater than the end of the course. If a last fall buoy is utilized, the distance from the last fall buoy to the course end is recommended to be  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the course length. Whether a last fall buoy is used or not, if a Competitor falls late in the course, it will be within the discretion of the Judge Team as to whether or not there is adequate distance to safely pull the Competitor up and allow for performance of maneuvers without the rope.
- e. The course length in time and the established baseline speed shall be announced at the Judge's and the Competitor's meetings prior to the start of the event. It is recommended that the course length in time be announced by the Event Organizer at or prior to opening registration for the event online.
- f. Ensure all potential hazards are clear of the immediate and surrounding areas of the competition course. Hazards including sunken buoys, tree limbs, logs, trash, and any other item that could hinder the rider or the competition vessel should be removed from the site before the start of the competition.

- g. An Open Water Course is defined as a course that lies in a waterway not closed to public vessels other than the competition vessels. If the competition course is an Open Water Course a dedicated vessel will be used to patrol the boundaries of the course to keep out unwanted vessels.

## 5.2. COMPETITION RUN

The following guidelines are provided:

- a. It shall be the responsibility of each competitor to know their location in relation to both the start and end buoys on the competition course.
- b. The competitor shall be on course when the competitor's body reaches the start buoy.
- c. The competitor shall be off course when the competitor's body passes the end buoy.
- d. To start the competition run, the competitor shall be pulled from the water at a distance from the start buoy sufficient to allow the surf wake to fully form before the start buoy. The start point will be uniform for all competitors.
- e. At the end of the first pass of the course:
  - i. If the competitor passes the end buoy and has not fallen, the competitor shall cease all maneuvering and shall follow along behind the competition tow boat.
  - ii. The boat will travel through the run-up area designated for the start of the second pass, and upon reaching the start point of the run-up area the driver will signal the competitor to surf away from the wave.
  - iii. The driver will then bring the tow boat to a stop turn around and come back to the competitor.
  - iv. The rope will be brought to the competitor for the start of the second pass.
  - v. If the competitor falls past the end buoy during the execution of a maneuver or combination of maneuvers initiated before the end buoy, the jet ski shall recover the competitor and take the competitor to the boat to begin the second pass.
- f. At the end of the first pass the boat crew should not pull the rider through the turn at the end of the course.
- g. The tow boat will not return to the competitor after the final fall of either pass, or of the competition run.
- h. At the end of the second pass of the course or after the last fall, the jet ski shall recover the competitor.

- i. It is recommended that a sufficient number of jet skis be utilized for transporting competitors to the staging boat or start area, and for picking up the competitor during the first pass after a fall where the competitor will not be picked up, and for transporting riders from the course to the shore at the end of their run.
- j. If jet skis are not available or are prohibited in the jurisdiction where the competition is held, a suitable pick up vessel may be substituted.

### 5.3. FALLS

The following guidelines are provided:

- a. The Head Judge, in consultation with the Event Organizer, shall determine the number of falls or 'pickups', if any, that a competitor shall be allowed per competition pass, or per competition run.
- b. There shall be no deduction or penalty to a competitor's score for any fall.
- c. The number of falls, or 'pickups' per pass or competition run shall be announced at the Judge's and the Competitor's meetings prior to the beginning of the competition event. It is recommended that the number of falls allowed be announced by the Event Organizer at or prior to opening registration for the event online.
- d. All falls occurring, whether holding the rope or not, during any competition run, including before the start buoy, on course, or during a pickup, will be counted against the falls allowed for a pass, or the competition run.
- e. A fall that occurs during a maneuver or combination of maneuvers initiated after a competitor has passed the end buoy, and that maneuver is not part of a combination of maneuvers begun on course, will count as the first fall for the second competition pass or will be counted against the total falls allowed per competition run.
- f. Exceptions:
  - i. The fall is caused by Boat Driver error.
  - ii. If the competitor falls after the end buoy during the execution of a maneuver or combination of maneuvers initiated before the end buoy.
- g. After a fall before the start buoy or on course, the competitor will be started from the point of the fall provided that
  - i. there are remaining falls available to the competitor in that pass, or the competition run, and

- ii. there is sufficient course available, in the sole judgement of judge team, to safely form a surf wave and allow for the performance of maneuvers without the rope before the end buoy.
- h. After a fall, a competitor may only swim to their board. Swimming back up the course to increase course length may result in disqualification.
- i. Objections by a competitor to a fall during a competition run must be raised by the competitor at the time the fall occurs, and any such objection shall be decided by a majority vote of the Judging Team in the boat at the time such conditions occur. The decision, including any remedy granted to the competitor, shall be final and will not be the subject of a protest by the objecting competitor, or any other competitor.

#### 5.4. SWITCHING SURF SIDES, SURF SIDE TRANSFERS

The following guidelines are provided:

- a. The Head Judge, in consultation with the Event Organizer, will determine if switching surf sides during a competition pass or run is allowed, and by which Divisions, if any.
- b. The Head Judge, in consultation with the Event Organizer, will determine if transferring surf sides during a competition pass or run is allowed, and by which Divisions, if any.
- c. Whether switching surf sides or surf side transfers are allowed or not, and by which Divisions if any, during a competition pass or run, the process of communicating the surf side switch or surf side transfer with the Boat Driver will be decided by the Head Judge. This process shall be announced at the Judge's and the Rider's meetings prior to the start of the event. It is recommended that whether switching surf sides or surf side transfers are allowed or not and by which Divisions if any, be announced by the Event Organizer at or prior to opening registration for the event online.

## PART 6. COMPETITION SCORING FORMATS

### 6.1. EVENT FORMAT AND SCORING TYPES

- a. The Event Organizer will determine the format for the event. The event format will include the number of days of competition, the number of runs per each division, the number of passes per run, and the type of scoring to be used for each division. The event format will be announced at the Judge's and the Rider's meetings prior to the start of the event.



- b. It is recommended that the event format be announced by the Event Organizer at or prior to opening registration for the event online.

#### 6.1.2. Heats

- a. Once registration to the event has closed, the Head Judge, in consultation with the Event Organizer will determine if multiple heats or a single heat system will be used, and for which divisions, and how many riders should advance from each heat to the next.
- b. The heats system is very flexible, and is very well suited to larger, multi day events. It also allows for judging smaller groups of competitors relative to each other.
- c. The heat system may include a last chance qualification heat (LCQ), wherein the competitors cut from advancement are afforded a last chance to qualify for a semi or final heat in the Division.

#### 6.1.3. Cumulative Scoring

- a. When an event has more than one run for a Division over the course of the event, this event scoring type sums each competitor's scores for each run during the competition event. While the CWSA's scoring tool accommodates this scoring type, it is not recommended as Cumulative Scoring has the potential to create difficult issues related to the benchmark and scoring competitors within a Division during competition runs subsequent to the first heat or round runs. This format should not be used in conjunction with heats elimination.

#### 6.1.4. Place Points Scoring

- a. This scoring type allocates a specific points value for the finish order of a competitor in a Division for each competition run. The CWSA's scoring tool accommodates this scoring format. Place Points Scoring is the recommended scoring type and is very useful for events with multiple competition runs where competitors are not cut.

#### 6.1.5. Other Scoring Types

- a. The scoring types set forth above are not exhaustive, and the CWSA permits innovation in scoring types by Head Judges and Event Organizers.
- b. The Head Judge may mix one or more scoring types for the event.

### 6.2. SEEDING ORDER AND SEEDING METHOD

The Head Judge will determine the seeding order and the seeding method used to seed multiple heats, or to seed competitors within a single heat.

### 6.2.1. Seeding Order

- a. First heats may use the following seeding orders:
  - i. by the PYBP or current score, whichever is higher, in the World Ranking List for the Division (recommended);
  - ii. by current rank standing in the World Ranking List for the Division;
  - iii. random seeding;
  - iv. any other method the Head Judge may determine.
- b. The seeding order shall be announced at the Judge's and the Rider's meetings prior to the start of the event. After consulting with the Head Judge, it is recommended that the seeding order be announced by the Event Organizer at or prior to opening registration for the event online.
- c. The Head Judge shall give due consideration to the effect on Judging teams in setting the benchmark for each heat.

### 6.2.2. Seeding Method

- a. The distribution of competitors among heats in a division may be made using the following methods:
  - i. 'circle';
  - ii. 'snake';
  - iii. a combination of 'circle' and 'snake';
  - iv. any other method developed by the Head Judge in consultation with the Event Organizer and the CWSA.
- b. The seeding method shall be announced at the Judge's and the Rider's meetings prior to the start of the event. After consulting with the Head Judge, it is recommended that the seeding method be announced by the Event Organizer at or prior to opening registration for the event online.
- c. Regardless of the seeding order and method, after a Division has completed the first round of competition runs and prior to publishing the results, a Judge Team may use their discretion to recommend advancement of a competitor from the first round of heats to the next heat, subject to the approval of the Head Judge in consultation with the Event Organizer. An example of when this might happen is if two randomly assigned heats are very unbalanced. The goal is for the best riders to advance to the next heat. This discretion to recommend should only be used for the first round of heats.

## PART 7. DIVISIONS

- a. Divisions consist of skill level, sex, type of board, and in some circumstances, age. Definitions of Divisions, and requirements and permitted transfers between Skill Levels shall comply with the current [World Ranking System](#), including rules related to mandatory Skill Level changes. See [§ 14.2.g.](#), [§ 14.2.k to i.](#), [§ 0.](#), [§ 14.13.](#), [§ 14.14.](#), and [§ 14.15.](#)

## PART 8. RESERVED

## PART 9. JUDGES, SCRIBES AND DRIVERS

### 9.1. JUDGES

#### 9.1.1. Head Judge

Once the format has been established, the Event Organizer will select a Head Judge for the event. The Event Organizer may want to consult with the CWSA in order to help select a qualified individual to head judge the event. Once the Head Judge has been chosen, she/he will take on the duties and responsibilities set forth below:

- a. in consultation with the Event Organizer, select a Co-Head Judge, if needed;
- b. in consultation with the Co-Head Judge, if any, determine the composition of the Judge Teams and vessel pilots for each division;
- c. in consultation with the Co-Head Judge, complete the running order to include: divisions, heats, start times, rider seeding order, Judge team, vessel pilots, and dock starters;
- d. in consultation with the Event Organizer and Co-Head Judge, if any, perform the duties set forth in [Part 11](#), as to pre-event requirements, objections, and protests;
- e. in consultation with the Event Organizer determine the best setup for the competition boat, to include surf system and ballast settings;
- f. in consultation with the Event Organizer, determine the best course layout based on area constraints, distance between course markers, water depth, and protection from strong winds;
- g. determine the process for communicating surf side switches and surf side transfers between the rider and the boat pilot

- h. in consultation with the Co-Head Judge, if any, ensure compliance with the results posting requirements set forth in [11.2.a.](#);
- i. conduct the pre-event Judge's meeting, conduct the pre-event Rider's meeting, conduct the pre-event boat and jet ski driver's meeting;
- j. enforce any provision of these Rules not otherwise expressly delegated to the Judging Teams;
- k. may promote or demote riders into other competitive divisions (to prevent sandbagging);
- l. assure compliance with safety rules set forth in [Part 2](#);
- m. may alter rules to fit the venue as appropriate subject to maintaining the integrity of the competition and the safety of all participants and spectators;
- n. together with the Event Organizer may delay or cancel the competition to ensure a safe event. All rule changes should be made prior to start of competition after consultation with all event officials.

#### 9.1.2. Co-Head Judge

- a. Duties and Responsibilities: Perform the duties of the Head Judge, if the Head Judge is unable, due to conflict of interest, unavailability or otherwise unable to perform the duties.

#### 9.1.3. Judging Teams

- a. Duties and responsibilities:
  - i. shall each individually sum the scores of each category given to each competitor on the judge's scoring sheet, and may delegate to the scribe to compile the scores of all judges on board the competition boat;
  - ii. shall position all passengers for the best surfing wake;
  - iii. may permit or deny request to repair equipment on the competition boat. Every reasonable opportunity should be made to provide a reasonable opportunity for a rider to repair equipment;
  - iv. shall evaluate rider performance based on the scoring criteria and methodology set forth in Part 10.;
  - v. may disqualify competitors for unsportsmanlike conduct or other conduct disrupting or delaying the competition;
  - vi. may deem equipment as unsafe or unsuitable for the competition;

- vii. shall assure compliance with the provisions of Part 2. and Part 11. of these rules delegated to Judging Teams;
- viii. shall not permit coaching of any kind to be given to a competitor while on the competition course. This includes prohibiting any boat team member from giving tips on an individual maneuver and/or the composition of the competitor's run.
- ix. rulings on matters delegated for on competition course decision shall be final and not subject to protest.

b. Number and Roles:

Judge Teams should consist of a minimum of 3 judges.

- i. Caller/Judge 1 – Primary Judge, who shall call maneuvers audibly for the Scribe to record. Perform the duties set forth in above.
- ii. Judge 2 – perform the duties set forth above. May assist calling maneuvers or comment on called maneuvers.
- iii. Judge 3 – perform the duties set forth above. May assist calling maneuvers or comment on called maneuvers.

## 9.2. SCRIBE

- a. It is recommended that a Scribe be provided in the competition boat, so that the Primary Boat Judge will not be required to look down to write but rather can call maneuvers audibly as they are performed.

## 9.3. DRIVER

- a. An experienced, well qualified Towboat Driver is required. The Boat Driver-must be familiar with the operating features of the towboat, the competition course, Competitor pick-up area, docking area and will be aware of any unique site features that may have effect on safely operating the towboat. Driver/Competitor communication is encouraged in advance of and during the Competitors run with regard to speed, wake characteristics, course length and any safety related issues, and shall be responsible to assure compliance with [2.3](#) of these rules related to vessels.

# PART 10. SCORING CRITERIA

- a. The published scoring criteria is the measure by which a competitor's performance is judged. An understanding of the criteria is important to both judge and competitor.
- b. Wake surf judging is a subjective assessment. For a competitive event this evaluation must be converted into a score. The elements of the scoring criteria are the methodology that is utilized to convert the subjective evaluation into a numeric value. The elements of the scoring criteria include the subjective categories of Degree of Difficulty, Intensity, Variety, and Execution (D.I.V.E.). These Subjective scoring criteria are explained below.

## 10.2. DEGREE OF DIFFICULTY

- a. Technical Difficulty - The difficulty of each maneuver is based on any number of variables. Judges will use these in order to subjectively determine how difficult certain maneuvers are in comparison to others. Variables reflecting "Degree of Difficulty" include, but are not limited to:
  - i. Stance: Switch vs normal, and heelside vs toeside (approach and finish for surface maneuvers, or takeoff and landing for aerial maneuvers).
  - ii. Combinations: Multiple maneuvers linked together and the sequence in which they are performed.
  - iii. Embellishments: Grabbed maneuvers and types of grabs; stalled maneuvers; tweaked, boned, or off-axis maneuvers.
  - iv. Board direction: Maneuvers performed with board revert vs forward.
  - v. Innovation: Performing a maneuver that has never been seen. Introducing a new method of performing a maneuver.

## 10.3. INTENSITY

- a. Judges should look for how aggressively and how powerfully an athlete is performing their maneuvers. Keeping busy; pace of combinations; and height, speed, and power of maneuvers all play a part in how a judge subjectively determines an athlete's intensity score. Considerations for "Intensity" include but are not limited to:
  - i. The amount of force behind each maneuver. (Shown by a large spray coming off of a snap turn, for example).
  - ii. Speed generated by pumping.
  - iii. Power in the turns and bottom turns.

- iv. The pace of maneuvers being executed.
- v. How fast rotations are spun.
- vi. The overall amplitude of the maneuvers performed.

#### 10.4. VARIETY

- a. The variety of maneuvers performed in a competition run is what judges are looking for in order to determine the most versatile athlete. Wakesurfing runs are built on a foundation of maneuvers such as turns, ollies, airs, shuvs, rotations (body and/or board, air or surface, frontside or backside), etc. The diversity of maneuvers, or combinations of maneuvers performed by an athlete should be reflected in the subjective scoring category of “Variety”. Items to consider when evaluating “Variety” include, but are not limited to:
  - i. Did the athlete perform a diverse number of maneuvers (turns, ollies, airs, shuvs, and rotations)?
  - ii. Did the athlete perform different types of maneuvers, or were they all based on the same maneuver? For example, the surface 360, 540, 720 are all similar in nature, as each is based on a surface board rotation in the same direction.
  - iii. Did the athlete perform combinations? Did the combination contain different maneuvers, or were maneuvers repeated by doing the combination?
  - iv. Did the athlete perform maneuvers in different stances (normal and switch, toeside and heelside)?
  - v. Did the athlete use multiple grabs and were the grabs different?
  - vi. Did the athlete perform on both sides of the boat (starboard and port side surf wakes)? Were surf wake side transfer maneuvers executed?
  - vii. Did the athlete perform rotational maneuvers, board and/or body, in both directions?
- b. Although not an absolute determining factor in scoring any subjective category, the total number of maneuvers performed will be given appropriate consideration.

#### 10.5. EXECUTION

- a. Judges are looking for how "clean" or how well executed EACH individual maneuver is done, as well as execution throughout the ENTIRE competition run. Judges should consider the flow and composition of the athlete's overall run, and whether the run was performed with confidence, and in an aesthetically pleasing manner. Other considerations for "Execution" include, but are not limited to:
  - i. The athlete's ability to maintain body and board stability while performing each maneuver.
  - ii. The athlete's ability to show fluidity by performing maneuvers in a smooth and easy manner.
  - iii. The athlete's ability to perform maneuvers with confidence and with an effortless technique (style).
  - iv. The athlete's ability to prove the mastering of a maneuver.
  - v. The athlete's ability to show control over body and board with solid grabs; steady landings; lengthy stalls; and proper positioning before, during, and after each maneuver.

#### 10.6. APPLICATION OF THE SUBJECTIVE COMPONENTS, CALCULATING SCORES AND RANK

- a. Judges will provide subjective scoring of each rider based on their overall opinion of how well the rider performed his routine in relation to each of the established subjective scoring criteria, in comparison to other riders within the same Division. Scores shall be given by each Judge in a scale of 1-10, in increments of .1 (one tenth) for each of the 4 subjective categories.
- b. Within a round of heats, and for the entirety of the competition event, the performance of all competitors in each Division should be evaluated by the same judging team.
- c. The first rider in each division will be used as a benchmark by which the remaining Competitors will be judged.
- d. Each judge will score said rider and at the end of the run the Judging Team will confer and attempt to agree upon the subjective score benchmark for each subjective component. As such, the first rider in each division will have almost identical subjective scores from each Judge. It is not required that the subjective benchmark score of the first rider be the same for each subjective category.



- e. To allow subsequent riders in the division to be scored higher or lower than the subjective benchmarks, every effort should be made to place the subjective benchmark scores at a point that will allow higher and lower scores than the benchmarks.
- f. Each division, and each heat of a Division, must establish a separate subjective score benchmark using the first rider in the Division or heat. Subsequent riders in the Division, or heat of the Division, will be scored using the subjective score benchmarks described above.

## 10.7. JUDGING THE COMPETITION RUN

- a. A competitor must choose which side they will ride (starboard or port) at registration. If in-course transfers are allowed, competitor must communicate with the boat driver which side of the towboat he/she will start on with each pull-up.
- b. Judging a competitor's run begins when the competitor enters the course or drops the rope, whichever occurs later and ends when the rider exits the course on the second pass, or uses the final fall allowed under the event's competition format.
- c. Any maneuver started outside of the course or while holding the rope will not be scored.
- d. A maneuver or combination of maneuvers started on the course but finished in control off the course will be scored, within a reasonable distance after the course end buoy.
- e. While on course, a competitor may perform any routine of maneuvers.

## 10.8. SCORING

Guidelines for scoring entry are provided below.

### 10.8.1. Data Entry Ashore

- a. After each competition run each judge shall independently and legibly record the score of each rider in each subjective category relative to that judge's scores in each category given to the benchmark competitor.
- b. The Judge should sum the total of each subjective category on the scoring sheet.
- c. At the end of each Division, or each heat of a Division, each judge will give his score sheets to the Scribe, or delegate.
- d. Each Judge should independently review their score sheets to insure they have scored each competitor appropriately and legibly before relinquishing control of the score sheet. Notes, if any on scoring sheet should support the Judge's score.

- e. Subsequently, the Head Judge or delegate shall record the data from each Judge's scoring sheet into the CWSA event scoring tool. It is recommended that 2 people participate in this data entry procedure to assure reliability.
- f. Upon completion of the data entry, the results shall be reviewed by the Judge Team and Head Judge, and shall be posted as required by [11.2](#), below.

#### 10.8.2. Live or iPad Scoring

- a. After each competition run each judge shall independently score each rider in each subjective category relative to that Judge's scores in each category given to the benchmark competitor.
- b. After each competitor's run, each Judge shall report to the Scribe the score recorded on the Judge's scoring sheet in each subjective category. The Scribe shall record the score into the electronic scoring workbook.
- c. At the end of each Division, or each heat of a Division, each judge's will give his score sheets to the Scribe, or delegate. Each judge should review their score sheets to insure they have scored each rider appropriately and written appropriately on the score sheet before relinquishing control of the score sheet.
- d. Judges' notes should support their scoring.
- e. Subsequently, the Head Judge or delegate shall review and compare the data from each judge's scoring sheet against the data entered by the Scribe into the CWSA event scoring tool. It is recommended that 2 people participate in this data entry review procedure to assure reliability.
- f. Upon completion of the data entry review, any errors discovered shall be corrected, and the results shall be reviewed by the Judge Team and Head Judge, and shall be posted as required by [§ 11.2](#), below. If there are no errors detected, the results may be posted after review by the Head Judge, without review by the Judging Team.

## **PART 11. OBJECTIONS, RESULTS AND PROTESTS**

### 11.1. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

#### 11.1.1. Per se relationships

The following are considered per se relationships:

- a. family member, or extended family member of a competitor in a division;

- b. cohabitation with a competitor in a division;
- c. engaged in a present or past romantic relationship with a competitor in a division;
- d. employer or employee of a competitor in a division;
- e. commercial sponsorship (including any managerial level personnel of such sponsor) and of a competitor in a division;
- f. non-commercial 'team' or organization affiliation with competitor in a division;
- g. providing financial support to a competitor in the division, or a person who receives financial support from competitor in the division;
- h. individuals, or family and extended family members of such individuals, who own title or interest in real, personal or intangible property together with a competitor in the division, or a family member or an extended family member of such competitor.
- i. There shall be no presumption that the existence of a per se relationship is a basis to disqualify a judge.

#### 11.1.2. Conflicts of interest, appearance of a conflict of interest, other conflicts

- a. A specific conflict of interest, or a specific appearance of a conflict of interest, or any other basis including the existence of a per se relationship, may be identified by a competitor as an alleged conflict of interest.
- b. There shall be no presumption that existence of a per se relationship or any alleged conflict of interest is a basis to disqualify a judge.
- c. In the absence of an objection as set forth below, any actual or alleged conflict of interest shall be deemed to be waived by all affected competitors.

#### 11.1.3. Procedure Prior to Event

- a. No later than 12 noon five (5) days before an event begins (in the time zone where the event is to be conducted), the event organizer must post on the CWSA website, its event website, Facebook page, or other location calculated to give notice to all the competitors in the Event:
  - i. the names of the competitors for each division as of that date;
  - ii. the names of the Judges for each division as of that date;
  - iii. the name of the Head Judge for the event, and Co-Head Judge, if any;

- iv. an email address, text number or other manner in which to communicate with the Event Organizer concerning objections to judges, and protests that may be initiated at any stage of the event.

#### 11.1.4. Pre-Event Objection to Judges

- a. Any competitor may object to any Judge in a division in which that competitor is competing by notifying the Head Judge or Event Organizer.
- b. Such objection shall be specific as to the nature of the objection and any alleged conflict of interest and shall be timely if submitted to the Head Judge or Event Organizer within 48 hours of the posting of the list Judges for each division.
- c. A CWSA form will be available on the CWSA website for this purpose.

#### 11.1.5. Notices and Consultation

- a. The Head Judge or Event Organizer shall consult with the judging team, and the Co-Head Judge, if any.

#### 11.1.6. Organizer's Election of Remedy

- a. The Event Organizer or Head Judge may elect to either replace such Judge or deny the objection of the alleged conflict of interest, not later than 12 noon one (1) day before the event begins. All competitors in the division shall be notified of the decision. Any decision to deny the objection of the alleged conflict of interest shall be final for the purpose of the judging team for that division.

#### 11.1.7. Judge Replacement or Substitution

- a. If any Judge is replaced, or for any reason is substituted less than 24 hours before the start of the event, any objection by any competitor in that division to a replacement or substitute judge shall be specific as to the nature of the objection and any alleged conflict of interest and must be raised at least one hour prior to the first competition run of the division in the event.
- b. In the case of an objection to a replacement or substitute judge, the Event Organizer may elect to either replace such Judge or deny the objection.
- c. The decision, and any election, by the Event Organizer shall be final for the purpose of the judging team for that division.

#### 11.1.8. Competitor Remedies

- a. If an objection on the basis of an alleged conflict of interest is denied, the competitor, at his option, shall be entitled to a refund of the entry fee, and shall not compete. If the competitor chooses to compete, no other alleged conflict of interest shall be permitted to form the basis of a protest by that competitor.

#### 11.1.9. Waiver of Conflict

- a. No alleged conflict of interest, if not raised prior to the event by a competitor as set forth above, shall be the basis of any protest.

#### 11.2. EVENT RESULTS

- a. The Head Judge or Co-Head Judge shall post, either physically or electronically, the result for each division not later than 2 hours after the Judge Team and judging documents for a division returns to shore.
- b. The official posting time should be noted on the posted results, and shall be initialed by the official posting the results.
- c. The posted results shall be presumed correct.

#### 11.3. PROTEST GROUNDS

- a. Objections by a competitor to adverse riding conditions during a competition run must be raised by the competitor at the time such alleged adverse conditions occur, and any such objection shall be decided by a majority vote of the Judging Team in the boat at the time such conditions occur. The decision, including any remedy granted to the competitor, shall be final and will not be the subject of a protest by the objecting competitor, or any other competitor.
- b. Protests of the subjective scores of the judges and ranking within a division based upon such subjective scores shall not be permitted.
- c. Protests shall be permitted on the following basis:
  - i. a mathematical or transcription error;
  - ii. a conflict of interest, provided that the procedures for objection to a conflict of interest prior to the event has been followed.

#### 11.4. PROTEST PROCEDURE

- a. Any result of any division heat, preliminary or final may be protested by a competitor in that heat, preliminary or final. Grounds for protest are:
  - i. mathematical or transcription errors;
  - ii. an alleged conflict of interest, provided that the procedures for objection to a conflict of interest prior to the event has been followed.
- b. Protest of another competitor's score or ranking in the division shall be permitted upon the same basis as set forth in (a.) (i.) (ii.) above.
- c. All protests must be initiated within one (1) hour of the posting of a division's results, either electronically per the procedure in Part [11.1.3.a.](#), or physically at the event site, by the Event's Head Judge.
- d. Protests shall be initiated by delivering the protest form, together with a \$25 cash protest fee to the Head Judge, the Co-Head Judge, if any, or the event organizer in person.
- e. The protest form must state the specific grounds of the protest (what the protester contends is wrong with the Judge's scores). The protest form must also contain a concise statement by the protester of the relief sought. If a conflict of interest is alleged, the precise conflict and Judge(s) must be identified, and such conflict of interest protest must have been raised by an objection filed prior to the event as required by [11.1.4.](#)
- f. The Judges, including the Head Judge, shall be provided the competitor's protest form, the judge scoring sheet for each Judge (his own, the head judge shall receive all judges scoring sheets), the scribing sheet for each rider in the protested heat, prelim or final.
- g. The protest shall be decided by the Judge Team involved, and as detailed below, the Event's Head Judge. A Co-Head Judge should also be appointed by the event organizer to participate in protests should the Head Judge be one of the three Judges involved in a protest.
  - i. The standard of review for the judging team (excluding the Head Judge) in the protest is de novo, meaning a fresh look at the results of each rider in the division protested to check the mathematical calculations and transcription errors in the scoring documents, and to review if it is more likely than not that a conflict of interest exists, and that such conflict of interest was the subject of a pre-event objection and was raised as a ground of error in the protest form.
  - ii. The Judging Team may make adjustment to the scored results of the protested heat, prelim or final to produce a fair result if a majority of the judging team determines that a mathematical or transcription error has occurred that has materially affected the results.

- iii. If the Judging Team determines that a conflict of interest exists, the Judging Team may make such adjustment to the scored results of the protested heat, prelim or final to produce a fair result only if a majority of the Judging Team finds that there is clear and convincing evidence from the D.I.V.E. scores of the conflicted judge, and any other evidence, that bias has materially affected the results.
- h. The decision of the Judging Team on the protest shall be communicated to the head judge (or Co-Head Judge if the Head Judge is part of the protested judging team).
- i. The decision of the Judging Team upon the protest shall be reviewed by the head judge or Co-Head Judge if the Head Judge is part of the protested Judging Team.
- j. The Head Judge (or Co-Head Judge) may overrule the decision of the Judge Team and grant relief only upon a finding by the Head Judge that:
  - i. there is clear error in the mathematical calculations or transcription of the judges scores, or
  - ii. it is more likely than not that some other conflict of interest exists, and that such conflict of interest, was the subject of a pre-event objection and was raised as a ground of error in the protest form, and there is clear and convincing evidence from the D.I.V.E. scores of the conflicted judge, and any other evidence, that bias has materially affected the results;
  - iii. there is clear and convincing evidence that a majority of the judging team erred in finding that:
  - iv. it is more likely than not that a conflict of interest exists, or
  - v. such conflict of interest was the subject of a pre-event objection and was raised as a ground of error in the protest form, or
  - vi. evidence from the D.I.V.E. scores of the conflicted judge, and any other evidence, that bias has materially affected the result.
- k. Upon a finding of either (i.) (ii.) or (iii.) (a), (b) or (c), the Head Judge may make such adjustment to the scored results of the protested heat, prelim or final to produce a fair result.
- l. In the event of multiple protests, all protests filed with regard to a heat, prelim or final in a division should be decided simultaneously.
- m. The final decision on the protest of a heat or prelim should be communicated to the protester by the Head Judge not later than two (2) hours after:

- i. the protest is filed, or
  - ii. the last competitor of the event finishes his competition run on the day of such protest, whichever is later.
- n. In the event of a final, the protest decision should be communicated to the protestor by the Head Judge not later than one (1) hour:
  - i. after the protest is filed, or
- o. the last competitor of the event finishes his competition run on the day of such protest, whichever is later.



## PART 12. CODE OF CONDUCT

### 12.1. APPLICABLE TO ALL COMPETITORS, JUDGES, EVENT ORGANIZERS, EVENT STAFF, VOLUNTEERS, AND SPECTATORS

- a. All individuals in any capacity attending any CWSA related Event shall be bound by this Code of Conduct.
- b. Compliance requires at a minimum respect for the CWSA organization, Event sponsors, Event Organizers, Judges, opponents, other competitors, CWSA Representatives, spectators, members of the media or any other person within the designated Event site; respect for facilities, privileges and operation procedures at Events; the use of courtesy and good manners at Events; acting responsibly and maturely at Events; refraining from any visible gesture which is commonly understood to be derogatory, profane, and/or highly offensive, or would indicate a sexually explicit act; and refraining from intentional and purposeful display and or exposure of nudity; and refraining from the use of:
  - i. profane or abusive language at Event venues (in any language);
  - ii. illegal (e.g. under age) or immoderate use of alcohol at Event venues; and
  - iii. the use of illegal drugs at any Event venue.

#### 12.1.2. In Person Communication

- a. No individual subject to this Code of Conduct shall directly or indirectly verbally, in writing, or electronically disparage any Event official, competitor, Judge, Event sponsor, CWSA Representative, or member of the media. During Events, this provision also includes spectators, or any other person within the designated Event area. For the purposes of this Code of Conduct, verbal disparagement is defined as any oral statement about one or more of the aforementioned persons that threatens harm; instills fear; implies dishonesty; is derogatory; consists of profanity; or is otherwise highly offensive.

### 12.1.3. Physical Contact

- a. No individual subject to this Code of Conduct shall physically assault any Event official, Event staff (including volunteer), competitor, member of the media, spectator or any other person within the designated Event area. For the purposes of this Code of Conduct, physical assault is defined as any battery or assault including any attempt to commit a battery or assault. All forms of shoving, fighting, mutual combat or the like are considered violations of this Code of Conduct. All persons should be aware that physical violence has no place in wake surfing and will not be tolerated. An act deemed by the Event Organizer or Head Judge to be an act entirely in self-defense will not amount to a violation of this Code of Conduct. If it is immediately clear to the Head Judge, or Event Organizer which individual or individuals were the initial aggressor of the incident, then that individual shall be disqualified from the remainder of that Event and shall be removed from the Event venue for the remaining duration of the Event. Any individual involved in an incident of physical assault (which includes throwing a punch regardless of whether it connects) will be also subject to exclusion from the Event venue for the remaining duration of the Event and may be subject to loss or suspension of the rights and privileges of CWSA membership.

### 12.1.4. Discrimination

- a. There is no tolerance for any form of discrimination based on national origin, ethnicity, race, sex, or gender identity in the sport of wake surfing. Any individual subject to this Code of Conduct who engages in discrimination in any way associated with the sport of wake surfing may be subject to disciplinary action which may result in expulsion from membership, and loss or suspension of the rights and privileges of CWSA membership.

### 12.1.5. Sexual Abuse or Misconduct

- a. It is a violation for any adult participant in a position of authority or control of another participant to engage in any form of sexual abuse or sexual misconduct. It is a violation for any participant to engage in sexual abuse or misconduct of any minor participant, or to violate the sexual abuse or sexual misconduct policy set forth in the CWSA SafeSport Handbook, or where applicable, the sexual abuse or sexual misconduct policy, if any, of a CWSA affiliated national organization.

#### 12.1.6. Emotional Abuse

- a. It is a violation for any adult participant in a position of authority or control of another participant to engage in any form of emotional abuse of that participant. It is a violation for any adult participant to engage in any form of emotional abuse or misconduct of a minor athlete or minor participant within the designated event area, or to violate the emotional abuse and misconduct policy set forth in the CWSA SafeSport Handbook, or where applicable, the emotional abuse and misconduct policy, if any, of a CWSA affiliated national organization. This provision shall not apply to a parent, guardian or person in loco parentis engaging in discipline of their minor child.

#### 12.1.7. Harassment

- a. It is a violation for any adult participant in a position of authority or control of another participant to engage in any form of harassment of that participant. It is a violation for any adult participant to engage in any form of harassment of a minor athlete or minor participant, or to violate the harassment policy set forth in the CWSA SafeSport Handbook, or where applicable, the harassment policy, if any, of a CWSA affiliated national organization. This provision shall not apply to a parent, guardian or person in loco parentis engaging in discipline of their minor child.

#### 12.1.8. Threats

- a. It is a violation for any participant to engage in any of threat, directly or indirectly, against another event participant within the designated event area, or to violate the threat policy set forth in the CWSA SafeSport Handbook, or where applicable, the threat policy, if any, of a CWSA affiliated national organization. This provision shall not apply to a parent, guardian or person in loco parentis engaging in discipline of their minor child.

#### 12.1.9. Bullying

- a. It is a violation for any adult participant in a position of authority or control of another participant to engage in any form of bullying. It is a violation for any participant to engage in bullying of any minor participant, or to violate the bullying policy set forth in the CWSA SafeSport Handbook, or where applicable, the bullying policy, if any, of a CWSA affiliated national organization. This provision shall not apply to a parent, guardian or person in loco parentis engaging in discipline of their minor child.

12.1.10. Hazing

- a. It is a violation for any participant to engage in any form of hazing of a minor athlete or minor participant within the designated event area, or to violate the hazing policy set forth in the CWSA SafeSport Handbook, or where applicable, the hazing policy, if any, of a CWSA affiliated national organization. This provision shall not apply to a parent, guardian or person in loco parentis engaging in discipline of their minor child.

12.1.11. Willfully Tolerating Misconduct involving 12.1.4 to 12.1.10

- a. It is a violation of this Code of Conduct for an adult who is an board member, event official, event staff member (including volunteer), competitor, or any other member or affiliate of the CWSA to witness or know of misconduct, and fail to report or take action or intervene on behalf of the individual who is the subject of the misconduct.

12.1.12. List Not Exhaustive

- a. This is not intended to be an exhaustive list of expected and prohibited conduct but merely a general guideline. Any person attending any CWSA event and found to violate this Code of Conduct shall be subject to removal from an Event and may be barred from participation at future CWSA sanctioned events.

## 12.2. SPECIFIC TO COMPETITORS

12.2.1. Competitors shall not:

- a. on or off the Event venue, before, during, or after the competition engage in public tantrums related to the Event, fail to attend designated mandatory functions or events, consume alcoholic beverages during the competition, compete under false pretenses, or conceal any significant injury or health problem;
- b. engage in any conduct which could cause damage to the image of the sport of wake surfing. "Damage to the image of the sport of wake surfing" is defined as any intentional and malicious acts, regardless of time or place, which casts the sport of wake surfing or CWSA in a negative light. Without restricting the application of this Article, "damage to the sport of wake surfing" will include any comments or broadcast from social media accounts that the competitor is responsible for. This provision shall not be construed to limit any positive and constructive commentary or debate designed or intended to provoke legitimate discussion of the Rules, the advancement of the sport and the conduct of Events.

**12.2.2. Competitors shall:**

- a. Compete in accordance with their “Best Effort(s)” in all Events. “Best Efforts” shall be defined as a competitor’s utmost attempt to compete to the best of their ability during all Competitive Events. Any competitor who overtly and intentionally fails to exercise his or her best effort in competition may be subject to discipline.

**12.2.3. Competitors may:**

- a. Discuss the evaluation and judging of a specific competitor or competitors in a Division, themselves included, with the members of the Judge Team that judged a Division (the Judge Team shall be deemed to also include the Scribe, and Boat Driver, Head Judge and Co-Head Judge) only:
  - i. after the time for filing a protest of the results of that Division has expired without a protest having been filed, or
  - ii. if a protest has been filed, after any such protest has been decided.
  - iii. Nothing contained herein shall limit discussion deemed necessary by the Judge Team with competitors in a Division to decide a protest. How much information provided is at the discretion of each individual Judge, however an “open book” approach as to that Judge’s materials is encouraged, but not required.

**12.3. SPECIFIC TO JUDGES, SCRIBES, BOAT DRIVERS AND EVENT ORGANIZERS**

**12.3.1. Judges, Head and Co-Head Judges, Scribes, Boat Drivers, and Event Organizers shall not:**

- a. participate in any form of wagering, offering of odds or any other form of gambling in connection with wake surfing;
- b. associate or have any dealings with persons whose activities, including gambling, might reflect adversely on the integrity of the sport of wake surfing;
- c. solicit or accept any bribe, gift, payment or reward or anything of value for the purpose of influencing a competitor’s participation in an Event. Any such offense must be reported to the CWSA Board of Directors immediately;
- d. Due to the incredibly serious nature of those offenses, and the tremendous negative repercussions to the sport of wake surfing, any person subject to this provision found in violation of this section shall be subject to disciplinary action, which may include expulsion from membership, and loss or suspension of the rights and privileges of CWSA membership.

- e. engage in any conduct which could cause damage to the image of the sport of wake surfing. “Damage to the image of the sport of wake surfing” is defined as any intentional and malicious acts, regardless of time or place, which casts the sport of wake surfing or CWSA in a negative light. Without restricting the application of this Article, “damage to the sport of wake surfing” will include any comments or broadcast from social media accounts that the judge is responsible for. This provision shall not be construed to limit any positive and constructive commentary or debate designed or intended to provoke legitimate discussion of the Rules, the advancement of the sport and the conduct of Events.

**12.3.2. Judges, Judges, Head and Co-Head Judges, Scribes, Boat drivers, and Event Organizers shall:**

- a. comply with all provisions of these Rules;
- b. report any violation of the Rules, or Code of Conduct to the Event Head Judge, the Event Organizer, or if appropriate, the Discipline Committee immediately.

**12.3.3. Head and Co-Head Judges, Judges, Scribes, Boat drivers, and Event Organizers may:**

- a. discuss the evaluation and judging of a specific competitor or competitors in a Division where they were a member of the Judge Team with the competitors of that Division (the Judge Team for this Rule shall be deemed to also include the Scribe, and Boat Driver, Head Judge and Co-Head Judge) only:
  - i. after the time for filing a protest of the results of that Division has expired without a protest having been filed, or
  - ii. if a protest has been filed, after any such protest has been decided.
- b. Nothing contained herein shall limit discussion deemed necessary by the Judge Team with competitors in a Division to decide a protest.

**12.4. SAFESPORT**

- a. The CWSA SafeSport Policy Handbook shall supplement this Code of Conduct.
- b. If a CWSA affiliated national organization has published a SafeSport policy, that SafeSport policy will apply to the conduct between nationals of that country.

## PART 13. DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES

### 13.1. JURISDICTION AND AUTHORITY

#### 13.1.1. Complaint

- a. A complaint for an alleged violation of [Part 9](#), [Part 11](#), [Part 12](#) or [Part 14](#) may be initiated by any CWSA member, or attendee at any CWSA sanctioned event, by notifying the Event Organizer or the event's Head Judge, or by notifying the Discipline Committee or the President of the CWSA.

#### 13.1.2. Event Organizers, Head Judge, and Co-Head Judge

- a. Event organizers, Head Judges, and Co-Head Judges are authorized to enforce violations of the below specified provisions of [Part 12](#) occurring during the event or during any event related function. Any alleged violation must be reported to the Event Organizer, event Head Judge or event Co-Head Judge within 72 hours of the last day of the event, including event related functions.
- b. Event related functions include, but are not limited to, training rides offered at the event, test rides, registration, riders or judge's meetings, competition, event coordinated meetings or gatherings, dinners, and podiums ceremonies.
- c. The jurisdiction for the following provisions of the Code of Conduct with respect to athletes and spectators shall be exclusive to the Head Judge, Co-Head Judge or Event Organizer for the following provisions, subject to the right to appeal to the Discipline Committee:
  - i. [12.1.b](#). Penalty: May expel from event venue and may disqualify from the event.
  - ii. [12.1.2](#). Penalty: May expel from event venue and may disqualify from the event.
  - iii. [12.1.3](#). Penalty: May expel from event venue and may disqualify from the event. Must also refer to Discipline Committee.
  - iv. [12.2.1.a](#). Penalty: May expel from event venue and may disqualify from the event.
  - v. [12.2.2.a](#). Penalty: May expel from event venue and may disqualify from the event.
  - vi. [12.2.3.a.i.&ii](#). Penalty: May expel from event venue and may disqualify from the event.

- d. The jurisdiction for the following provisions of the Code of Conduct with respect to athletes and spectators shall be concurrent to the Head Judge, Co-Head Judge or Event Organizer and the Discipline Committee for the following provisions. Those matters addressed by the Head Judge, Co-Head Judge or Event Organizer are subject to the right to appeal to the Discipline Committee:
- i. [12.1.5](#) Penalty: May expel from event venue and may disqualify from the event. Must also refer to Discipline Committee, and report to the President. If the conduct involves sexual abuse of a minor, must report to local LEO.
  - ii. [12.1.6](#) Penalty: May expel from event venue and may disqualify from the event. Must also refer to Discipline Committee.
  - iii. [12.1.7](#) Penalty: May expel from event venue and may disqualify from the event. Must also refer to Discipline Committee.
  - iv. [12.1.8](#) Penalty: May expel from event venue and may disqualify from the event. Must also refer to Discipline Committee.
  - v. [12.1.9](#) Penalty: May expel from event venue and may disqualify from the event. Must also refer to Discipline Committee.
  - vi. [12.1.10](#) Penalty: May expel from event venue and may disqualify from the event. Must also refer to Discipline Committee.
  - vii. [12.1.11](#) Penalty: May expel from event venue and may disqualify from the event. Must also refer to Discipline Committee.
  - viii. [12.1.12](#) Penalty: May expel from event venue and may disqualify from the event. Must refer to Discipline Committee.
  - ix. [12.3.1.a.-c.](#) The Event Organizer may enforce as to the Head Judge. With respect to Co-Head Judge, Judges, Scribes, Boat Drivers and the Event Organizer, may be enforced by the Head Judge. Penalty: May remove and expel from event venue. Must refer to Discipline Committee.
- e. The jurisdiction for the following provisions of the Code of Conduct with respect to Co-Head Judge, Judges, Scribes, Boat Drivers and the Event Organizer shall be exclusive to the Head Judge, subject to the right to appeal to the Discipline Committee for the following provisions:
- i. [12.3.2](#) Penalty: May remove and may expel from event venue. Must refer to Discipline Committee.
  - ii. [12.3.3](#) Penalty: May remove and may expel from event venue. Must refer to Discipline Committee.



- f. In the event jurisdiction for a Code of Conduct violation with respect to athletes and spectators is concurrent with the Discipline Committee, the authority of the Discipline Committee shall not be limited to the potential penalties set forth above.

#### 13.1.3. Procedure for Head Judge or Event Organizer

- a. Determine if the allegation warrant further investigation.
- b. Determine the scope of the investigation.
- c. Conduct interviews and, if necessary, gather and document evidence
- d. Determine whether or not a violation has been proved, and if so, what the sanction for the violation should be.
  - i. Standard of proof – preponderance of the evidence (more likely than not)
- e. Notify involved parties of decision, and if needed, the sanction.
- f. If there is an alleged violation of [12.1.5](#), refer to the Discipline Committee and report to the President of the CWSA.

#### 13.1.4. Appeal from a decision of an Event Organizer or Head Judge

- a. An appeal of an adverse decision or sanction may be filed with the Discipline Committee within 5 day of the adverse decision. The notice of appeal shall be emailed to the President of the CWSA.

#### 13.1.5. Discipline Committee

- a. The Discipline Committee shall have exclusive appeals jurisdiction for any violation or disciplinary action imposed by an Event Organizer, Head Judge, or Co-Head Judge that may be appealed to the Disciplinary Committee.
- b. As used in this section, ‘Discipline Committee’ may include a committee of an approved CWSA National entity, or the National Safe Sport body of a country.
- c. The Discipline Committee shall have exclusive original jurisdiction over alleged violations of the following provisions of the Code of Conduct, subject to appeal of any determination and sanction to the Appeal Committee.
  - i. Review and discipline for repeated violations of any violation set forth in [13.1.2.c](#).
  - ii. [12.1.4](#)
  - iii. [12.2.1.b](#).
  - iv. [12.3.1.e](#).

- d. The Discipline Committee shall have concurrent jurisdiction over alleged violations of the of [Part 12](#) that are required to be referred to it by Event Organizers or Head Judges. In such matters the Discipline Committee shall not be limited in the penalty it may impose as are Event Organizers and Head Judges.
- e. The Discipline Committee shall have exclusive original jurisdiction over alleged violations by Event Organizers or Head Judges related to [Part 9](#), [Part 11](#), and by Event Organizers related to [Part 14](#), subject to appeal of any determination and sanction to the Appeal Committee.

#### 13.1.6. Procedure for Discipline Committee

- a. For appeal review of decision and sanctions of Event Organizers or Head Judges:
  - i. Determine whether or not the appeal is timely requested.
  - ii. Review if the alleged violation warrants further investigation, or if the matter can be fairly decided upon the evidence available and presented to the Event Organizer or Head Judge.
  - iii. If the matter requires further investigation, determine the scope of the investigation, which may include interviews and documentary evidence.
  - iv. A hearing shall be held upon notice to the accused, who shall be entitled to participate, examine witnesses and present relevant evidence.
  - v. A simple majority of the members of the Discipline Committee shall be required to decide an issue in controversy, and the decision of the Head Judge or Event Organizer shall be affirmed unless the evidence established by clear and convincing evidence that the decision is clearly erroneous.
  - vi. The parties shall be notified of the decision of the Discipline Committee by email.
  - vii. The Discipline Committee shall deliver final disposition to the President and to the Secretary who shall post active violations for current year on CWSA Website.
  - viii. The decision of the Discipline Committee shall be final.
- b. For matters of original or concurrent jurisdiction:
  - i. Upon receipt of the alleged violation the Discipline Committee shall determine whether the complaint warrants further investigation, or if the matter can be fairly decided upon the evidence available to and presented by the complaint.

- ii. If the matter involves an alleged violation of [12.1.5](#), if not already reported, a report will be made to the local law enforcement authority, and the matter may be referred to the country's National Safe Sport body for investigation and adjudication.
- iii. If the matter requires further investigation, determine the scope of the investigation, which may include interviews and documentary evidence.
- iv. A hearing shall be held upon notice to the accused, who shall be entitled to participate, examine witnesses and present relevant evidence.
- v. A simple majority of the members of the Discipline Committee shall be required to decide an issue.
- vi. The alleged violation must be established by clear and convincing evidence.
- vii. The parties shall be notified of the decision of the Discipline Committee by email.
- viii. The Discipline Committee shall deliver final disposition to the President and to the Secretary.
- ix. The decision of the Discipline Committee will be final unless a notice of appeal is filed within 5 days of the notice of the adverse decision to the aggrieved party. The notice of appeal shall be emailed by the party wishing to appeal to the President of the CWSA.

#### 13.1.7. Authorized Sanctions

- a. Disciplinary sanctions may include admonition, censure, ejection from an event venue, disqualification from an event, revocation of ranking at an event, assessment of monetary penalties, probation, suspension or revocation of membership, including rights and privileges of membership, or such other form of discipline as may be appropriate. The Discipline Committee and Appeal Committee may condition any disciplinary sanction imposed with terms, or a probationary period.

#### 13.1.8. Appeal Committee

- a. The Appeal Committee shall have jurisdiction to review any decision of the Discipline Committee, or any other decision or sanction as set forth below:
  - i. Any decision by the Disciplinary Committee where a sanction is imposed that results in suspension or loss of membership privileges, or a monetary sanction is imposed in excess of \$49.
  - ii. Any matter that is determined in the first instance by the Discipline Committee.

- iii. Any other matter that the President, in his sole discretion, deems appropriate for review or modification, including any final decision of an Event Organizer, a Head or Co-Head Judge, or the Discipline Committee.
- iv. The Appeal Committee and its proceedings shall be governed by as set forth in the CWSA Bylaws, Article IX.

## 13.2. PUBLICATION OF DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS

- a. All final disciplinary sanctions imposed upon any athlete or event organizer by the CWSA Board, or its designee, for violation of any provision of these Competition Guidelines after January 1, 2020 shall be listed on the CWSA website, and will include the following information:
  - i. Date of Sanction.
  - ii. Name of member and type of Sanction (Event, Code of Conduct, Other),
  - iii. Brief description of violation.
  - iv. Duration of Sanction.
- b. Paid athlete members will be able to view disciplinary sanction information for the current competition year, or the until the sanction is concluded, whichever is longer.
- c. Disciplinary sanctions information will be available to Event Organizers indefinitely.

## PART 14. **WORLD RANKING SYSTEM**

### 14.1. REQUIREMENTS FOR RANKING BY THE CWSA WORLD RANKING SYSTEM

- a. The Event must be sanctioned by the CWSA and must use the CWSA judging and scoring system, must use and comply with the CWSA Competition Guidelines, and the Event Organizer must comply with all contractual requirements for the category of event in order for the athletes result to be eligible to be scored on the respective World Ranking List.
- b. Each athlete competing in a ranked Division must be an active CWSA member athlete with currently paid membership and must completely and accurately fill out their individual online Athlete Profile in order to appear on a World Ranking List. Athletes with no competition activity for two consecutive years and who have not paid their annual membership fee each year shall be purged from the WRL.

- c. In order for an athlete in an event to be scored in the CWSA World Ranking List for that event, a minimum of 3 athletes must start the competition in the respective Division at that event. See [§ 14.2.n](#).

## 14.2. ABBREVIATIONS, TERMINOLOGY AND MISCELLANEOUS RULES

- a. 'Board Type(s)': For each Skill Level there shall be two board types, Skim and Surf. Juniors shall be combined board types. Although not defined, Skim and Surf type boards are typically recognized by the following:
  - i. 'Skim': board no greater than an inch thick with fin no more than 2 inches tall.
  - ii. 'Surf': board more than an inch thick; minimum of 2 fins of at least 2 inches tall
  - iii. For any Skill Level and Type of Board subject to WRS scoring and ranking, the CWSA Board reserves the right to permit, limit or prohibit the use of any wakesurf board design, wakesurf board modification, or the use of any feature or component affixed or attached to a wakesurf board including bindings, straps, magnets, fasteners, adhesives, waxes, traction pads, fins, rudder, foil, elevator, flap or any other feature or component which if used by an athlete would result in an unfair competitive advantage, or present an unreasonable risk of injury.
- b. 'Competition year' and 'evaluation period' are synonymous and shall begin the day after the conclusion of the WWSC each year and shall end on the final day of the next subsequent WWSC each year.
- c. 'Competition Levels' Competition levels shall be as follows: Bronze, Silver, Gold, Platinum and Diamond level events.
- d. CWSA: Competitive Wake Surfing Association, Inc.
- e. 'Sex' shall mean the biological attributes of an individual as determined the presence or absence of the XY or XX chromosomes.
  - i. As a condition of registering for athlete membership and eligibility to compete in CWSA sanctioned events, every athlete shall be required to truthfully certify their chromosomal sex as either male or female.
  - ii. The CWSA reserves the right to request a genetic test of the athlete at the athlete's expense from a laboratory designated by the CWSA to confirm the athlete certification.

- f. 'Male' shall mean any individual with XY chromosomes.
- g. 'Female' shall mean any individual with XX chromosomes.
- h. 'Gender identity' shall be defined as an individual's self-perception of their sex, regardless of their genetic biology.
- i. 'Skill Level': For each sex, there shall be four (4) Skill Levels as follows: Pro, Outlaw, Amateur, and Masters. Juniors Skill Level shall be mixed sex.
- j. 'Division' shall mean a specific Skill Level, sex, and board type, for example Pro Male Skim, Amateur Female Surf. If the type is not specified, it means that Surf and Skim has been combined for that Division, for example, Masters Male, Juniors. See § 0. for all Divisions.
- k. Juniors: Under 13 years old (12 or less). Age is determined as of the 1st day of the calendar year.
- l. Amateur: No minimum age. The maximum age for male athletes is 44 years. The maximum age for female athletes is 34 years.
- m. Masters: The minimum age for male athletes is 45 years. The minimum age for female athletes is 35 years or older. Age is determined as of the 1st day of the calendar year.
- n. 'Start or started' as it is used to determine the number of athletes in a Division means that the athlete is in the water behind the event tow boat and begins or attempts to begin the athlete's first pass of his/her competition run.
- o. WRL: World Ranking List, which is the ranking list for a specific division
- p. WRS: CWSA World Ranking System
- q. BP: Base-Points
- r. Previous BP. At the start of each competition year, the final points published for each athlete in each Division at the end of the previous competition year will be calibrated. See [§ 14.2.r](#). The calibrated final points will be used as each athlete's CWSA WRS previous Base-Points (BP). The previous BP is also be used as one of the athlete's results.
  - i. Current BP: The current BP shall be calculated as set forth in § 14.5.b. or § 14.5.c.
  - ii. In the event that an athlete achieves a current Base-Points (BP) result higher than the previous BP, such current Base-Points shall be used thereafter in lieu of the athlete's previous BP to calculate the ABP in each subsequent event. See [§ 14.9.a.](#), [§ 14.5.b.](#) and [§ 14.5.c.](#), [Examples 14.9\(A\)](#), [14.9 \(B\)](#), [14.9 \(C\)](#).

- s. End of Evaluation Period Reduction: At the conclusion of the evaluation period the previous Base-Points for each athlete will be reduced by 30% for the last calculation list. The reduced previous BP may be used as one of the best results if it is among the highest 3 or 4 results, as appropriate pursuant to § 14.5.b. or § 14.5.c.
- t. Calibrated Final Points: After the final points are published for each athlete and each Division, the points for each athlete in each Division shall be calibrated as follows: the first place athlete's final points shall be divided into 500, and the resulting quotient shall be applied to each athlete's results in the Division. For example, the first place athlete in a Division has a final published result of 400. The resulting calculation is  $500/400=1.25$ . Each athlete's final points in that Division would then be multiplied by 1.25 to achieve the calibrated final points.
- u. ABP: Average Base-Points, which shall be the numeric average of the BP of the best three athletes starting a competition in a Division, and shall be used together with the Competition Level to determine the appropriate points scale to apply to that Division in that specific event.
  - i. For calculating the ABP, fractional numbers are rounded to next LARGER whole number.
  - ii. PS: Points-Scale. See ANNEX 1, 14.18.
- v. To determine correct points scale using the ABP for a Division where the ABP falls between two Point-Scales in the Competition Level range:
  - i. If the ABP is equal to the midpoint plus 1, or greater, use the next Points-Scale up.
  - ii. If the ABP is the mid-point between Points-Scales or less, use next Points-Scale down.
  - iii. If the ABP is lower than the Competition Level Points-Scale range, the lowest Points-Scale in the Competition Level range shall be used.

### 14.3. THE WORLD RANKING SYSTEM HOW, WHAT AND WHY

- a. The CWSA World Ranking System (WRS) is a variable, partially cumulative weighted average of the athlete's BEST wakesurf contest finishes. It is designed to approximate an athlete's relative position in a Division for all contests participating in the WRS.
- b. It is NOT the actual average of all finish results for an athlete during a season or multiple seasons. The WRS uses ONLY the best finishes, and thus it is a partial average. It is NOT a fixed value place points ranking system.

- c. It is variable, and partially cumulative because during the competition year, prior to each year’s final calculation, the athlete’s current score may consist of current and previous year contest finish results.
- d. It is also variable as the points earned for finish rank are not fixed, but rather depend on the average of the top three athletes in the Division at the event in which the points are earned.
- e. The previous year finish component of an athlete score is weighted by calibration at year end. Additionally, individual current year score values may be weighted based on the athlete’s finish rank order at a specific competition depending on the event level.
- f. At the beginning of each evaluation period, the weight of the previous year’s results is proportionally higher, and its impact on the athletes current score diminishes as more contest results in the current evaluation period are obtained by the athlete.
- g. Each athlete who finishes a competition event without disqualification earns points based on their ranking, so long as there are minimum of 3 athletes in that Division. Points are used to rank athletes internationally on each of CWSA World Ranking Lists.
- h. The World Ranking List (WRL) is the listing of the athletes and their associated values as calculated by the WRS at various points in time.
- i. This allows athletes to compare their performance against the performance of other athletes in their Division in other parts of the globe whom they may not compete against directly.

#### 14.4. WORLD RANKING LISTS, UPDATES, BASIC CALCULATIONS, POINTS, ETC.

1	Pro Male Skim	9	Amateur Male Skim
2	Pro Female Skim	10	Amateur Female Skim
3	Pro Male Surf	11	Amateur Male Surf
4	Pro Female Surf	12	Amateur Female Surf
5	Outlaw Male Skim	13	Masters Male Skim
6	Outlaw Female Skim	14	Masters Female Skim
7	Outlaw Male Surf	15	Masters Male Surf
8	Outlaw Female Surf	16	Masters Female Surf
		17	Juniors (combined and mixed sex)



- a. There is one CWSA World Ranking List (WRL) for each Division.
- b. The lists will be available online for all athletes and event organizers to see. Each list will be updated weekly in the summer months (June, July & August) and as needed for the rest of the year.
- c. The evaluation period shall begin the day after the conclusion of the WWSC each year and shall end on the final day of the next subsequent WWSC each year. See [§ 14.2.b.](#) The last WRS ranking list for each Division will be calculated as soon as practical following the conclusion of that year's WWSC, and that final ranking calculation result will then be calibrated and will become the previous Base-Points (BP) for the next evaluation period. See [§ 14.2.t.](#)

#### 14.5. POINTS AWARDED FOR EACH FINISH PLACE, CALCULATION OF CURRENT SCORE

- a. The exact numeric value of points awarded to each athlete's finish place is determined by the Competition Level and the average Base-Points (ABP) of the best 3 athletes starting the event in that particular Division. Once the Competition Level and Average Base Points have been determined, the appropriate points scale can be used for each Division.
- b. For PRO Divisions, each athlete's current CWSA World Ranking Points will be the average of the points from the athlete's best 4 competition results in the current evaluation period, for each distinct Division.
- c. For ALL OTHER Divisions, each athlete's current CWSA World Ranking Points will be the average of the points from the athlete's best 3 competition results in the current evaluation period, for each distinct Division.
- d. Ties. If the CWSA WRL ranking points of 2 or more athletes in a Division are tied, the tie shall be resolved as follows:
  - i. In the case of Pro Divisions, the athlete with the highest event result (including the previous BP, if used) shall prevail. If a tie still results, then the 2nd highest event result shall be used; and if still tied, then the 3rd highest event result shall be used; and if still tied, then the 4th highest event result shall be used. If the athletes are still tied after using the 4th highest event result the ranking will remain tied.

- ii. In the case of all other non-Pro Divisions, the athlete with the highest event result (including the previous BP, if used) shall prevail. If a tie still results, then the 2nd highest event result shall be used; and if still tied, then the 3rd highest event result shall be used. If the athletes are still tied after using the 3rd highest event result the ranking will remain tied.

## 14.6. POINTS-SCALE RANGES AND COMPETITION LEVEL REQUIREMENTS

TABLE 14.6 (A) COMPETITION LEVELS / POINTS-SCALE RANGE

LEVEL	BRONZE	SILVER	GOLD	PLATINUM	DIAMOND
EXAMPLES OF COMPETITIONS FOR EACH COMPETITION LEVEL	WRS Qualified Regional competitions and Grassroots events.	WRS Qualified Regional competitions and Grassroots events that meet all minimum requirements	CWSA World Tour events that meet all minimum requirements	National, Continental or CWSA World Tour events that meet all minimum requirements.	International CWSA World Tour events that meet all minimum requirements.
POINTS-SCALE RANGE	180-600	220-600	220-600	260-600	320-600

TABLE 14.6 (B) COMPETITION LEVELS / REQUIREMENTS

To qualify as a particular competition level, an event must meet all the requirements:

Event Requirements	Bronze	Silver	Gold	Platinum	Diamond
Minimum Pro Cash Purse PER PRO DIVISION**	N/A	\$1,250	\$2,500	\$5,000	\$10,000
Minimum Number of Judges	3	3	3	3	3
Minimum Pro Divisions (with at least 3 athletes per pro division)	N/A	2	2	3	4
Event Size	N/A	N/A	Minimum of 40 registrations (all divisions combined) or minimum 10 pro registrations the previous year	Minimum of 60 registrations (all divisions combined) or minimum 12 pro registrations the previous year	Minimum of 80 registrations (all divisions combined) or minimum 20 pro registrations the previous year
Video Feed: Ship to Shore and Live Feed	RECOMMENDED	RECOMMENDED	Require: SHIP TO SHORE. LIVE FEED RECOMMENDED.	Require: SHIP TO SHORE, AND LIVE FEED Optional delayed upload if live feed bandwidth is not available.	Require: SHIP TO SHORE, AND LIVE FEED Optional delayed upload if live feed bandwidth is not available
Athlete Requirements	Bronze	Silver	Gold	Platinum	Diamond
Minimum requirements to register for an event	N/A	N/A	N/A	Registration limitation: Athlete must have greater than 0 WRL score, suggest at least 75. Limited number of 'promoter choice' invitations permitted.	Registration limitation: Invitational only (top WRS rank of each division) Limited number of 'promoter choice' invitations permitted.
** For events with local currencies valued below the US Dollar at the announcement of the event, the Cash Purse must be the greater of the equivalent value at the current exchange rate or 80% of the US Dollar equivalent.					

## 14.7. POINTS-SCALE RANGES FOR COMPETITIONS

TABLE 14.7 POINTS-SCALE SPECIFIC COMPETITION LEVELS

ABP Top 3 Athletes in Division	Points-Scale Range Used
<b>BRONZE LEVEL EVENTS:</b>	
0 to 190	180
191 to 210	200
211 to 230	220
231 to 250	240
251 to 275	260
276 to 305	290
306 to 340	320
341 to 380	360
381 to 425	400
426 to 475	450
476 to 550	500
551 to 600	600
<b>SILVER LEVEL EVENTS:</b>	
<b>GOLD LEVEL EVENTS:</b>	
0 to 230	220
231 to 250	240
251 to 275	260
276 to 305	290
306 to 340	320
341 to 380	360
381 to 425	400
426 to 475	450
476 to 550	500
551 to 600	600
<b>PLATINIUM LEVEL EVENTS:</b>	
0 to 275	260
276 to 305	290
306 to 340	320
341 to 380	360
381 to 425	400
426 to 475	450
476 to 550	500
551 to 600	600
<b>DIAMOND LEVEL EVENTS:</b>	
0 to 340	320
341 to 380	360
381 to 425	400
426 to 475	450
476 to 550	500
551 to 600	600

## 14.8. WRS POINTS PER RANK

### 14.8.1. Each athlete will earn a specific percentage of the Points-Scale (PS) based on their final ranking for each event.

- a. The athlete who finishes 1<sup>st</sup> in a Division will earn 100% of the PS.
- b. The athlete who finishes in 2<sup>nd</sup> place will earn 90% of the PS, 3<sup>rd</sup> earns 80%, etc.
- c. In the event that there are more than 50 athletes in a Division, all athletes in excess of 50 will be scored as 50<sup>th</sup> place. In the case of a 'heats' format, the non-advancing athletes will receive the ranking relative to the elimination heat.
- d. No WRS point will be awarded to any athlete who is disqualified for any reason, including failing to compete in a heat, semi-final, LCQ or final, or where an athlete has been ejected or disqualification for violation of any provision of these Rules.
- e. Ties in finish Rank Order within a Division. Where athletes tie in a Division at an event, the tie will result in the next finish rank ordinal being skipped. See examples 14.8(A-E).

**EXAMPLE 14.8(A):** There are 6 athletes in a Division. Two athletes tie for 3<sup>rd</sup> place. The next finishing athlete will be ranked 5<sup>th</sup>, and the last place athlete will be ranked 6<sup>th</sup>.

**EXAMPLE 14.8(B):** There are 6 athletes in a Division. Three athletes tie for 2<sup>nd</sup> place. The next finishing athlete will be ranked 5<sup>th</sup>, and the last place athlete will be ranked 6<sup>th</sup>.

**EXAMPLE 14.8(C):** There are 14 athletes in a Division, in two heats of 7 athletes each. Only 6 athletes from each heat will advance to the next round. The non-advancing athletes in both heats shall both receive points based on 13<sup>th</sup> place finishes.

**EXAMPLE 14.8(D):** There are a total 12 athletes in a division. The division is divided into two semi-final heats of 6 athletes each, with 3 athletes from each heat advancing to the 6 athlete Final. The 6 athletes in the Final will be ranked 1<sup>st</sup> through 6<sup>th</sup>, assuming no ties in the Final. The 4<sup>th</sup> place athletes in each semi-final heat will be ranked 7<sup>th</sup>, the 5<sup>th</sup> place athlete in each semi-final heat will be ranked 9<sup>th</sup>, and the 6<sup>th</sup> place athletes in each semi-final heat will be ranked 11<sup>th</sup>.

**EXAMPLE 14.8(E):** There are a total 15 athletes in a division. The Division is divided into three semi-final heats of 5 athletes each, with 2 athletes from each heat advancing to the 6 athlete Final. The 6 athletes in the Final will be ranked 1<sup>st</sup> through 6<sup>th</sup>, assuming no ties in the Final. The 3<sup>rd</sup> place athletes in each semi-final heat will be ranked 7<sup>th</sup>, the 4<sup>th</sup> place athlete in each semi-final heat will be ranked 10<sup>th</sup>, and the 5<sup>th</sup> place athletes in each semi-final heat will be ranked 13<sup>th</sup>.

For all placements (rank) and their respective percentage for each Point-Scale, please consult [§ 14.18](#), ANNEX 1 Points Per Rank, below.

### 14.9. ATHLETES WITH BASE-POINTS (BP)

- a. At the start of the competition year, the final points published at the end of the previous competition year will be calibrated, [§ 14.2.t](#), and will be used as the athlete’s CWSA WRS previous base-points. The previous BP will also be used as one of the athlete’s best results until better scores are achieved. At the end of the current competition year, the previous BP will be reduced by 30% and may be used as one of the best results for the final ranking list. [§ 14.2.s](#).

EXAMPLES for an athlete competing in any Skill Level except Pro:				
EXAMPLE 14.9 (A)	Previous BP	3 best results	Current BP	BP used for ABP calculation
An amateur athlete has 340 previous BP, the athlete’s current BP is $360 + 0 + 0 / 3 = 120$ . Since the current BP (120) is less than the previous BP (360), the previous BP (360) will be used for the ABP calculation.	360	$360 + 0 + 0$	120	Previous BP: 360
When the athlete achieves a first result score i.e., 310, the current BP is now $360 + 310 + 0 / 3 = 223.33$ . Since the current BP (223.23) is still less than the previous BP (360), the previous BP (360) will still be used for future ABP calculation.	360	$360 + 310 + 0$	223.33	Previous BP: 360
When the athlete achieves a second result score, i.e., 370, the current BP is now $360 + 310 + 370 / 3 = 346.67$ . Since the current BP (346.67) is still less than the previous BP (360), the previous BP (360) will still be used for future ABP calculation.	360	$360 + 310 + 370$	346.67	Previous BP: 360
When the athlete achieves a third result score, i.e., 400, the lowest result is then ignored, and the current BP would now be $360 + 370 + 400 / 3 = 370$ . Since the current BP (370) is higher than the previous BP (360), the current BP (370) is now used for future ABP calculation.	360	$360 + 370 + 400$ (310 is no longer used)	370	Current BP: 370
The previous BP will be reduced by 30% for the final ranking list. In this case, $360 - 30\% = 238$ .  If that result is lower than other results achieved during the competition year, the higher results will be used as the best results (which is the case in this example where 238 is lower than 310) so the points for the final ranking list would now be calculated as $310 + 370 + 400 / 3 = 360$	238 (360-30%)	$310 + 370 + 400 / 3$ (the previous BP “360-20%=288” is no longer used, because lower than 310)	360	Current BP: 360 are used for the final ranking list (which will then be calibrated and become the previous BP for the following year.)

EXAMPLE 14.9 (B)	Previous BP	3 best results	Current BP	BP used for ABP calculation
An amateur athlete has 120 previous BP, so the athlete's current BP are $120 + 0 + 0 / 3 = 40$ . Since the current BP (40) are less than the previous BP (120), the previous BP (120) will be used for the ABP calculation.	120	$120 + 0 + 0$	40	Previous BP: 120
When the athlete achieves a first result score i.e., 380, the current BP is now $120 + 380 + 0 / 3 = 167.67$ . Since the current BP (167.67) is higher than the previous BP (120), the current BP (167.67) is now used for future ABP calculation.	120 (used as one of the best results but no longer used for the ABP)	$120 + 380 + 0$	136.67	Current BP: 167.67
When the athlete achieves a second result score i.e., 400, the current BP is now $120 + 380 + 400 / 3 = 300$ . Since the current BP (300) is higher than the previous BP (120), the current BP (300) is now used for future ABP calculation.		$120 + 380 + 400$	300	Current BP: 300
When the athlete achieves a third result that is not greater than his/her previous BP, i.e., 100, this result would be ignored and the previous BP will still be used as one of the best results, (i.e. The current BP will be 300 and will still be used for the ABP calculation.		$120 + 380 + 400$ (100 is not used)	300	Current BP: 300
When another result is achieved, i.e. 200, such that 3 results are greater than the previous BP the previous BP is then no longer used.	120 (no longer used)	$380 + 400 + 200$ (120 is not used)	326.67	Current BP: 326.67

EXAMPLE 14.9 (C)	Previous BP	3 best results	Current BP	BP used for ABP calculation
An amateur athlete has 360 previous BP, the athlete's current BP are then $360 + 0 / 3 = 120$ . Since the current BP (120) is less than the previous BP (360), the previous BP (360) will be used for the ABP calculation.	360	$360 + 0 + 0$	120	Previous BP: 360
When the athlete achieves a first result score i.e., 220, the current BP is now $360 + 220 + 0 / 3 = 290$ . Since the current BP (290) is still less than the previous BP (360), the previous BP (360) will still be used for future ABP calculation.	360	$360 + 220 + 0$	290	Previous BP: 360
When the athlete achieves a second result score i.e., 340, the current BP is now $360 + 220 + 340 / 3 = 306.67$ . Since the current BP (306.67) is still less than	360	$360 + 220 + 340$	306.67	Previous BP: 360

the previous BP (360), the previous BP (360) will still be used for future ABP calculation.				
The previous BP will be reduced by 30% for the final ranking list, and the reduced result is used if it is one of the highest 3. In this case, $360 - 30\% = 252$ .  In this case the current BP for the final ranking list is calculated as $252 + 220 + 340 / 3 = 270.67$	252 (360-30%)	$252 + 220 + 340$	270.67	Current BP: 270.67 is used for the final ranking list

- b. In the case of an athlete who has previous BP but did not compete in any event that year, that athlete will see their BP drop considerably for the final ranking list. The athlete’s BP will first be reduced by 30% for the final calculation, and this number is then used as one of the best results.

EXAMPLE 14.9 (D) Athlete competing in any Skill Level except Pro	Previous BP	Three best results	Current BP
An amateur athlete has 360 previous BP, his/her current BP are $360 + 0 + 0 / 3 = 120$ . Since the current BP (120) are less than the previous BP (360), the previous BP (360) will be used for the ABP calculation.	360	$360 + 0 + 0$	120
In the event that the athlete has not been able to participate in any competitions in the current year, the previous BP will be reduced by 30% and will be used as one of the best results for the final ranking list. In this case, $360 - 30\% = 252$ .	252 (360- 30%)	$252 + 0 + 0$	Current BP: 84 Used for the final ranking list

#### 14.10. ATHLETES WITH NO PREVIOUS BASE-POINTS

- a. In the case of a new athlete with no previous BP the BP are Zero until a result score is achieved.

EXAMPLE 14.10 - Pro Division athlete:  Previous BP = 0.00
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When a first result score is achieved, i.e., 320, current BP is then calculated as  $320 + 0 + 0 + 0 / 4 = 80$

When a second result score is achieved, i.e., 340, current BP is now calculated as  $320 + 340 + 0 + 0 / 4 = 165$

When a third result score is achieved, i.e., 120, current Base-Points are now calculated as  $320 + 340 + 120 + 0 / 4 = 195$

When a fourth result score is earned, i.e., 215, the best four scores will be averaged and the current BP will then be calculated as  $320 + 340 + 120 + 215 / 4 = 248.75$

If a fifth result score is earned, i.e., 275, the best four scores will be averaged and the current BP will then be calculated as  $320 + 340 + 215 + 275 / 4 = 287.50$ . In this case, the lowest result (120) will not be used.



#### 14.11. DIVISIONS COMBINED

- a. An Event Organizer May Combine Two Board Types in a Division.
- b. In the event that Skim and Surf Types of Boards are combined for the same Skill Level in a particular competition (example “Amateur Female Skim” and “Amateur Female Surf”), the PS selection will be the ABP of the top three athletes of both Skim and Surf merged. If an athlete was registered in both Skim and Surf, the athlete will now have to choose one of the two for the purpose of competing in that event, and if that athlete’s BP is one of the highest three, the ABP will be calculated using the higher BP (Skim or Surf) of that athlete.

##### EXAMPLE 14.11

In a Gold level event, Mary is registered as one of the 2 girls Amateur Female Skim and Eva is registered as one of the 4 girls in Amateur Female Surf (Nathalie was registered in both but decided to compete with her Surf type of board). Since the event organizer decided to combine those two Divisions, there will be 6 athletes in the “new” Division. In this case, the PS used will be the ABP of the top 3 athletes in the combined Division.

Mary finished 4<sup>th</sup> and earned points going towards her AMATEUR FEMALE SKIM WRL.

Eva finished 1<sup>st</sup> and earned points going towards her AMATEUR FEMALE SURF WRL.

Nathalie finished 2<sup>nd</sup> and earned points going towards her AM FEMALE SURF WRL.

## 14.12.

### 14.12.COMBINING TWO DIVISIONS OF DIFFERENT SKILL LEVELS

- a. Example: Outlaw Female Surf and Pro Female Surf.
- b. The example above is NOT recommended by the CWSA, better to combine skim and surf within same Skill Level. If there are less than 3 athletes in a Division with the same Skill Level, combined Types of Boards or not, those athletes would not be eligible to earn points for the respective WRL. See [§ 14.1.c.](#)

### 14.13. VOLUNTARY SKILL LEVEL CHANGES, PROHIBITIONS AND RELATED RULES

- a. An athlete cannot compete in two different Skill Levels in a competition event, or events. For example, if John is competing in Outlaw Male Skim and decides to compete with a Surf type of board as well, he cannot register in Amateur Male Surf in the same event, or in a subsequent event. He will have to compete in both Outlaw Male Skim and Outlaw Male Surf.
- b. If an athlete decides to change Skill Level during the competition year, for example from Amateur to Outlaw, that athlete's current WRS score or calibrated previous BP, whichever is greater, for each Division will be adjusted by multiplying that score by .40, and the product will be that athlete's previous BP for the new Skill Level and Division.
- c. If an athlete changes Skill Level from one season to the next, that athlete's calibrated previous Base-Points from each previous Division will be adjusted by multiplying that score by .40, and the product will be that athlete's previous BP for the new Skill Level and each Division.
- d. An athlete may change Skill Level from one season to the next as follows:
  - i. Junior to Amateur, Outlaw or Pro
  - ii. Amateur to Masters, Outlaw, or Pro
  - iii. Outlaw to Masters or Pro
  - iv. Masters to Amateur, Outlaw or Pro
  - v. Pro to Masters
- e. An athlete may change Skill Level once during a competition year as follows:
  - i. Junior to Amateur, Outlaw or Pro
  - ii. Amateur to Outlaw, or Pro
  - iii. Outlaw to Pro

- iv. Masters to Outlaw or Pro
- v. Outlaw to Masters, but only when the athlete is subject to a mandatory skill level change. See § 14.15.a.
- vi. Pro to Masters, but only when the athlete is subject to a mandatory skill level change. See § 14.15.a.
- f. In any such event, if the athlete has BP from the previous competition year, the provisions of § b. or § c. will apply.
- g. The CWSA strongly recommends that all athletes who received an invitation to the WWSC in the previous competition year give due consideration to the Skill level that they will declare in the current completion year such that they are competing against other athletes of a similar Skill Level.

#### 14.14. MANDATORY AND RECOMMENDED SKILL LEVEL CHANGES - AMATEURS

- a. If an Amateur athlete placed among the top 10 athletes in the previous year's WRL for either type of board, for the current year that athlete must compete in the Outlaw Skill Level, or if the athlete so elects, the Pro Skill level, or if qualified by age, the Masters Skill level.
- b. The Secretary shall send an email to affected Amateur as soon as the mandatory moves are determined by the Board or its designee. The athlete shall have 14 days from the date of that email to submit any request for an exemption, § 14.16.a., or to exercise an age exemption, § 14.14.c., if applicable. A form to request the exemption shall be available on the website and a link to the form shall be sent with the email.
- c. If the Amateur is 14 years of age or younger as of January 1 of the current competition year and was not ranked 1st in the WRL in either type of board, the Skill level change would not be required, but would be strongly recommended.
- d. The Mandatory Skill level change between Amateur and Outlaw shall be considered a 'one season to the next' Skill level change pursuant to § 14.13.c.
- e. Any election by an athlete to compete in any other Skill level shall be considered a 'during competition year' Skill level change pursuant to § 14.13.b.
- f. The CWSA strongly recommends that all Amateur athletes who received an invitation to the WWSC in the previous competition year voluntarily elect to compete in the Outlaw Skill Level in the current completion year.

#### 14.15. MANDATORY AND RECOMMENDED SKILL LEVEL CHANGES - OUTLAWS

- a. If an Outlaw athlete placed among the top 3 athletes at the previous year's WRL for either type of board, for the current year that athlete must compete in the Pro Skill Level, or at the election of the athlete and if qualified by age, the Masters skill level.
- b. The Secretary shall send an email to affected Outlaws as soon as the mandatory moves are determined by the Board or its designee. The athlete shall have 14 days from the date of that email to submit any request for an exemption, § [14.16.a.](#), or to exercise an age exemption, § [14.15.c.](#), if applicable. A form to request the exemption shall be available on the website and a link to the form shall be sent with the email.
- c. If the Outlaw is 15 years of age or younger as of January 1st of the current competition year and was not ranked 1st in the WRL in either type of board, the Skill level change would not be required, but would be strongly recommended.
- d. The Mandatory Skill level change between Outlaw and Pro shall be considered a 'one season to the next' Skill level change pursuant to § [14.13.c.](#)
- e. Any election by an athlete to compete in any other Skill level shall be considered a 'during competition year' Skill level change pursuant to § [14.13.b.](#)

#### 14.16. OTHER SKILL LEVEL CHANGES, EXEMPTIONS

- a. The CWSA Board of Directors, or their designee, reserves the right to move an athlete to another Skill Level, exempt an athlete from a mandatory Skill level change, or require a Skill level change notwithstanding any minimum or maximum age limitations if in the sole discretion of the Board or their designee, that athlete is not competing at a Skill Level consistent with the athlete's abilities.
- b. An athlete subject to a Mandatory Skill level change may not transfer to the Juniors Skill level.
- c. If an athlete elects to avoid a mandatory transfer due to age, as set forth in § 14.14.c. or § 14.15.c., or is granted an exemption from transfer pursuant to § 14.16.a., in such case the athlete's calibrated previous Base Points, § 14.2.t., shall be reduce by 30% for the current evaluation period.
- d. All other moves require the prior approval of the CWSA Board of Directors, or their designee, and the points may be transferred at a percentage to be determined by the Board in its sole discretion, consistent with the purposes of the WRS.

## 14.17. INJURIES

- a. For good cause shown, such as illness, injury or pregnancy that prevents an athlete from competing during any competition year, the athlete may send a request to the CWSA secretary by email requesting a “freeze” his/her points for period of 360 days without penalty. The request shall be promptly considered by the Executive Committee or its designee, and shall grant or deny such request. If the athlete objects to the Committee’s decision, the athlete shall be entitled to appeal for a review of the decision to the full Board of Directors within 14 days of the emailing of the decision to the athlete by the Executive Committee. The Notice of Appeal shall be emailed to the Secretary of the CWSA Board of Directors. The Board of Directors shall have the discretion to consider the decision of the Executive Committee on the record previously submitted or may proceed otherwise in accordance with the By-laws of the CWSA.

## 14.18.ANEX 1: CWSA WORLD RANKING SYSTEM - POINTS PER RANK

1	100	600	500	450.0	1	400	360.0	320.0	1	290.0	260.0	240.0	1	220.0	200.0	180.0	1	160.0	140.0	120.0	1	100.0	80.0	60.0
2	90	540	450	405.0	2	360	324.0	288.0	2	261.0	234.0	216.0	2	198.0	180.0	162.0	2	144.0	126.0	108.0	2	90.0	72.0	54.0
3	80	480	400	360.0	3	320	288.0	256.0	3	232.0	208.0	192.0	3	176.0	160.0	144.0	3	128.0	112.0	96.0	3	80.0	64.0	48.0
4	70	420	350	315.0	4	280	252.0	224.0	4	203.0	182.0	168.0	4	154.0	140.0	126.0	4	112.0	98.0	84.0	4	70.0	56.0	42.0
5	65	390	325	292.5	5	260	234.0	208.0	5	188.5	169.0	156.0	5	143.0	130.0	117.0	5	104.0	91.0	78.0	5	65.0	52.0	39.0
6	60	360	300	270.0	6	240	216.0	192.0	6	174.0	156.0	144.0	6	132.0	120.0	108.0	6	96.0	84.0	72.0	6	60.0	48.0	36.0
7	55	330	275	247.5	7	220	198.0	176.0	7	159.5	143.0	132.0	7	121.0	110.0	99.0	7	88.0	77.0	66.0	7	55.0	44.0	33.0
8	51	306	255	229.5	8	204	183.6	163.2	8	147.9	132.6	122.4	8	112.2	102.0	91.8	8	81.6	71.4	61.2	8	51.0	40.8	30.6
9	47	282	235	211.5	9	188	169.2	150.4	9	136.3	122.2	112.8	9	103.4	94.0	84.6	9	75.2	65.8	56.4	9	47.0	37.6	28.2
10	43	258	215	193.5	10	172	154.8	137.6	10	124.7	111.8	103.2	10	94.6	86.0	77.4	10	68.8	60.2	51.6	10	43.0	34.4	25.8
11	40	240	200	180.0	11	160	144.0	128.0	11	116.0	104.0	96.0	11	88.0	80.0	72.0	11	64.0	56.0	48.0	11	40.0	32.0	24.0
12	37	222	185	166.5	12	148	133.2	118.4	12	107.3	96.2	88.8	12	81.4	74.0	66.6	12	59.2	51.8	44.4	12	37.0	29.6	22.2
13	34	204	170	153.0	13	136	122.4	108.8	13	98.6	88.4	81.6	13	74.8	68.0	61.2	13	54.4	47.6	40.8	13	34.0	27.2	20.4
14	32	192	160	144.0	14	128	115.2	102.4	14	92.8	83.2	76.8	14	70.4	64.0	57.6	14	51.2	44.8	38.4	14	32.0	25.6	19.2
15	30	180	150	135.0	15	120	108.0	96.0	15	87.0	78.0	72.0	15	66.0	60.0	54.0	15	48.0	42.0	36.0	15	30.0	24.0	18.0
16	28	168	140	126.0	16	112	100.8	89.6	16	81.2	72.8	67.2	16	61.6	56.0	50.4	16	44.8	39.2	33.6	16	28.0	22.4	16.8
17	27	162	135	121.5	17	108	97.2	86.4	17	78.3	70.2	64.8	17	59.4	54.0	48.6	17	43.2	37.8	32.4	17	27.0	21.6	16.2
18	26	156	130	117.0	18	104	93.6	83.2	18	75.4	67.6	62.4	18	57.2	52.0	46.8	18	41.6	36.4	31.2	18	26.0	20.8	15.6
19	25	150	125	112.5	19	100	90.0	80.0	19	72.5	65.0	60.0	19	55.0	50.0	45.0	19	40.0	35.0	30.0	19	25.0	20.0	15.0
20	24	144	120	108.0	20	96	86.4	76.8	20	69.6	62.4	57.6	20	52.8	48.0	43.2	20	38.4	33.6	28.8	20	24.0	19.2	14.4
21	23	138	115	103.5	21	92	82.8	73.6	21	66.7	59.8	55.2	21	50.6	46.0	41.4	21	36.8	32.2	27.6	21	23.0	18.4	13.8
22	22	132	110	99.0	22	88	79.2	70.4	22	63.8	57.2	52.8	22	48.4	44.0	39.6	22	35.2	30.8	26.4	22	22.0	17.6	13.2
23	21	126	105	94.5	23	84	75.6	67.2	23	60.9	54.6	50.4	23	46.2	42.0	37.8	23	33.6	29.4	25.2	23	21.0	16.8	12.6
24	20	120	100	90.0	24	80	72.0	64.0	24	58.0	52.0	48.0	24	44.0	40.0	36.0	24	32.0	28.0	24.0	24	20.0	16.0	12.0
25	19	114	95	85.5	25	76	68.4	60.8	25	55.1	49.4	45.6	25	41.8	38.0	34.2	25	30.4	26.6	22.8	25	19.0	15.2	11.4
26	18	108	90	81.0	26	72	64.8	57.6	26	52.2	46.8	43.2	26	39.6	36.0	32.4	26	28.8	25.2	21.6	26	18.0	14.4	10.8
27	17	102	85	76.5	27	68	61.2	54.4	27	49.3	44.2	40.8	27	37.4	34.0	30.6	27	27.2	23.8	20.4	27	17.0	13.6	10.2
28	16	96	80	72.0	28	64	57.6	51.2	28	46.4	41.6	38.4	28	35.2	32.0	28.8	28	25.6	22.4	19.2	28	16.0	12.8	9.6
29	15	90	75	67.5	29	60	54.0	48.0	29	43.5	39.0	36.0	29	33.0	30.0	27.0	29	24.0	21.0	18.0	29	15.0	12.0	9.0
30	14	84	70	63.0	30	56	50.4	44.8	30	40.6	36.4	33.6	30	30.8	28.0	25.2	30	22.4	19.6	16.8	30	14.0	11.2	8.4
31	13	78	65	58.5	31	52	46.8	41.6	31	37.7	33.8	31.2	31	28.6	26.0	23.4	31	20.8	18.2	15.6	31	13.0	10.4	7.8
32	12	72	60	54.0	32	48	43.2	38.4	32	34.8	31.2	28.8	32	26.4	24.0	21.6	32	19.2	16.8	14.4	32	12.0	9.6	7.2
33	11	66	55	49.5	33	44	39.6	35.2	33	31.9	28.6	26.4	33	24.2	22.0	19.8	33	17.6	15.4	13.2	33	11.0	8.8	6.6
34	10	60	50	45.0	34	40	36.0	32.0	34	29.0	26.0	24.0	34	22.0	20.0	18.0	34	16.0	14.0	12.0	34	10.0	8.0	6.0
35	9	54	45	40.5	35	36	32.4	28.8	35	26.1	23.4	21.6	35	19.8	18.0	16.2	35	14.4	12.6	10.8	35	9.0	7.2	5.4
36	8	48	40	36.0	36	32	28.8	25.6	36	23.2	20.8	19.2	36	17.6	16.0	14.4	36	12.8	11.2	9.6	36	8.0	6.4	4.8
37	7	42	35	31.5	37	28	25.2	22.4	37	20.3	18.2	16.8	37	15.4	14.0	12.6	37	11.2	9.8	8.4	37	7.0	5.6	4.2
38	6	36	30	27.0	38	24	21.6	19.2	38	17.4	15.6	14.4	38	13.2	12.0	10.8	38	9.6	8.4	7.2	38	6.0	4.8	3.6
39	5	30	25	22.5	39	20	18.0	16.0	39	14.5	13.0	12.0	39	11.0	10.0	9.0	39	8.0	7.0	6.0	39	5.0	4.0	3.0
40	4	24	20	18.0	40	16	14.4	12.8	40	11.6	10.4	9.6	40	8.8	8.0	7.2	40	6.4	5.6	4.8	40	4.0	3.2	2.4
41	3	18	15	13.5	41	12	10.8	9.6	41	8.7	7.8	7.2	41	6.6	6.0	5.4	41	4.8	4.2	3.6	41	3.0	2.4	1.8
42	2	12	10	9.0	42	8	7.2	6.4	42	5.8	5.2	4.8	42	4.4	4.0	3.6	42	3.2	2.8	2.4	42	2.0	1.6	1.2
43	1	6	5	4.5	43	4	3.6	3.2	43	2.9	2.6	2.4	43	2.2	2.0	1.8	43	1.6	1.4	1.2	43	1.0	0.8	0.6
44	1	6	5	4.5	44	4	3.6	3.2	44	2.9	2.6	2.4	44	2.2	2.0	1.8	44	1.6	1.4	1.2	44	1.0	0.8	0.6
45	1	6	5	4.5	45	4	3.6	3.2	45	2.9	2.6	2.4	45	2.2	2.0	1.8	45	1.6	1.4	1.2	45	1.0	0.8	0.6
46	1	6	5	4.5	46	4	3.6	3.2	46	2.9	2.6	2.4	46	2.2	2.0	1.8	46	1.6	1.4	1.2	46	1.0	0.8	0.6
47	1	6	5	4.5	47	4	3.6	3.2	47	2.9	2.6	2.4	47	2.2	2.0	1.8	47	1.6	1.4	1.2	47	1.0	0.8	0.6
48	1	6	5	4.5	48	4	3.6	3.2	48	2.9	2.6	2.4	48	2.2	2.0	1.8	48	1.6	1.4	1.2	48	1.0	0.8	0.6
49	1	6	5	4.5	49	4	3.6	3.2	49	2.9	2.6	2.4	49	2.2	2.0	1.8	49	1.6	1.4	1.2	49	1.0	0.8	0.6
50	1	6	5	4.5	50	4	3.6	3.2	50	2.9	2.6	2.4	50	2.2	2.0	1.8	50	1.6	1.4	1.2	50	1.0	0.8	0.6